CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FISCAL YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

Prepared by the Finance Department

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

TABLE OF CONTENTS

	PAGES
INTRODUCTORY SECTION (UNAUDITED):	
Letter of Transmittal	i-v
List of Principal Officials	vi
Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting	vii
Organizational Chart	viii
FINANCIAL SECTION:	
Independent Auditors' Report	1-2
Management's Discussion and Analysis (Not Covered by Independent Auditors' Report)	3-15
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-wide Financial Statements:	
Statement of Net Assets	16
Statement of Activities	17
Fund Financial Statements:	
Balance Sheet – Governmental Funds	18
Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets	19
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Governmental Funds	20
Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities	21
Statement of Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	22
Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Assets – Proprietary Funds	23
Statement of Cash Flows - Proprietary Funds	24-25
Statement of Fiduciary Net Assets – Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund	26

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

PAGES

Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Assets – Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund	27
Notes to Basic Financial Statements	28-50
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:	
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - General Fund	51-52
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Capital Infrastructure Fund	53
Budgetary Comparison Schedule - Street Maintenance Fund	54
Note to Budgetary Comparison Schedules	55
Schedule of Funding Progress - Firefighters' Pension Trust Fund (Unaudited)	56
Schedule of Funding Progress - Other Post-Employment Health Care Benefits (Unaudited)	57
OTHER FINANCIAL INFORMATION:	
Combining and Individual Fund Financial Statements and Schedules:	
Combining Balance Sheet - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	58
Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances – Nonmajor Governmental Funds	59
Budgetary Comparison Schedules - Nonmajor Governmental Funds	60-61
STATISTICAL SECTION (UNAUDITED):	
Net Assets by Component	62
Changes in Net Assets	63-64
Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	65
Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds	66
Net Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property	67

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

TABLE OF CONTENTS (continued)

Property Tax Rates - Direct and Overlapping Governments	68
Principal Property Taxpayers	69
Property Tax Levies and Collections	70
Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type	71
Computation of Direct and Estimated Overlapping Governmental Activities Debt	72
Pledged Revenue Coverage	73
Demographic and Economic Statistics	74
Principal Employers	75
Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function	76
Operating Indicators by Function/Program	77
Capital Asset Statistics by Function/Program	78
COMPLIANCE SECTION:	
Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with <i>Government Auditing Standards</i>	79-80
Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Program and on Internal Control over Compliance in	
Accordance with OMB Circular A-133	81-82
Independent Auditors' Report to City Management	83-84
Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards	85-86
Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs	87-88

INTRODUCTORY SECTION



CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA

9805 Overseas Highway, Marathon, Florida 33050 Phone: (305) 743-0033 Fax: (305) 743-3667

March 23, 2012

To the Honorable Mayor, Members of the Governing Council, and Citizens of the City of Marathon:

It is our pleasure to submit to you the Comprehensive Annual Financial Report of the City of Marathon, Florida for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011.

State law requires that all general-purpose local governments publish within nine months of the close of each fiscal year a complete set of financial statements presented in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States and Government Auditing Standards by a firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report consists of management's representations concerning the finances of the City of Marathon. Consequently, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all of the information presented in this report. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations, management of the City of Marathon has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed both to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient reliable information for the preparation of the City of Marathon's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the City of Marathon's comprehensive framework of internal controls has been designed to provide reasonable rather than absolute assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. As management, we assert that, to the best of our knowledge and belief, this financial report is complete and reliable in all material respects.

The City of Marathon's financial statements have been audited by Keefe, McCullough & Co. LLP, a firm of licensed certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the financial statements of the City of Marathon for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, are free of material misstatement. The independent audit involved examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements; assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management; and evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. The independent auditor concluded, based upon the audit, that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unqualified opinion that the City of Marathon's financial statements for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditor's report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

In addition to meeting the requirements set forth above, the independent audit was also designed to meet the special needs of federal and state grantor agencies as provided for in the Federal Single Audit Act, Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 and Florida Single Audit Act in accordance with Chapter 10.550, Rules of the Auditor General. These standards require the independent auditor to report not only on the fair presentation of the basic financial statements, but also on the audited government's internal controls and compliance with legal requirements, with special emphasis on internal controls and legal requirements involving the administration of federal and state awards. These reports are presented in the compliance section of this report. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*, GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City of Marathon's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditor's report on the basic financial statements.

Profile of the Government

The City of Marathon, incorporated November 30, 1999, with a population of 8,316 residents, is located approximately one hour from Key West, Florida and Key Largo, Florida. Marathon is known as the "Heart of the Florida Keys". Its boundaries run from the east end of the Seven Mile Bridge, mile marker 47, to the west end of Tom's Harbor Bridge, approximately mile marker 60. The islands of Marathon include Boot Key, Knights Key, Hog Key, Vaca Key, Stirrup Key, Crawl and Little Crawl Key, East and West Sister's Island, Deer Key, Little Deer Key, Fat Deer Key, Long Point Key, and Grassy Key. The City of Marathon is empowered to levy a property tax on both real and personal properties located within its boundaries. It also is empowered by state statute to extend its corporate limits by annexation, which occurs when deemed appropriate by the City Council.

The City of Marathon operates under the council-manager form of government. Policy-making and legislative authority are vested in a governing council consisting of the mayor and four other members. The City Council is responsible, among other things, for passing ordinances, resolutions, and regulations governing the city, adopting the budget, and appointing the city manager, city attorney, and members of various boards. The City Manager is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances adopted by the City Council, for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City, appointing the heads of the various departments, and submission of the budget to City Council for approval. The mayor and four council members are elected at large every two years with a term limit of three consecutive terms.

The City of Marathon provides a wide variety of services, including police, fire protection, and emergency medical services; the construction and maintenance of highways, streets and other infrastructure; planning and zoning; building and code enforcement; and recreational activities and community events. The City also manages three enterprise funds including a City marina facility, a wastewater utility and a stormwater utility.

The financial reporting entity (the City of Marathon) includes all of the funds of the City. The City does not have any component units. A component unit is a legally separate entity for which the City is financially accountable or the nature and significance of the relationship between the City and the entity was such that exclusion would cause the City's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City of Marathon's financial planning and control. All departments of the City of Marathon are required to submit requests for appropriation to the City Manager. The City Manager uses these requests as the starting point for developing a proposed budget. The City Manager then presents this proposed budget to City Council for review prior to September 1. The City Council is required to hold public hearings on the proposed budget and to adopt a final budget no later than September 30, the close of the City of Marathon's fiscal year. The appropriated budget is prepared by fund, function (e.g., public safety), and department (e.g., police). Department heads may make transfers within a department with the approval of the City Council. A budget-to-actual comparison for the general fund is included as Required Supplementary Information on pages 51 and 52 following the notes to the basic financial statements. A budget-to-actual comparison for the capital infrastructure fund

and street maintenance fund is also included as Required Supplementary Information following the notes to the basic financial statements on pages 53 and 54. For governmental funds, other than the general fund, capital infrastructure fund, and street maintenance fund, this comparison is presented in the nonmajor governmental fund subsection of this report, on pages 60 and 61.

Factors Affecting Financial Condition

Local Economy

The Florida Keys are often referred to as the "American Caribbean" and Marathon is known as "The Heart of the Keys." Marathon's ideal location between Key Largo and Key West makes it a desirable place in which to live and work. Tourism is an important economic engine. The local environment offers excellent sport fishing and recreational diving opportunities. The tropical climate, in addition to the recreational water activities, makes the City a major tourist destination as well as a desirable retirement and second home location. The Florida Keys have continually ranked among the top tourist destinations in the Country. In addition to tourism, commercial seafood harvesting is a significant piece of the local economy as the Florida Keys are one of the largest providers of seafood products in the country, serving both national and international markets.

The City of Marathon's economic outlook reflects some of the uncertainties present in the national economy as a whole. For the last several years, the economy has been flat, due to the effects of the national recession. Property tax values decreased and certain revenues decreased. The pace of growth and development also slowed significantly throughout the City and surrounding areas. However, the tourism industry in the Florida Keys proved extremely resilient during the recession and the middle Keys in particular experienced increases in tourism revenue during 2011. This increase in tourism revenue was driven in part by the recent expansion and rebuilding of two major resorts. Additionally, the City's ongoing work on the wastewater and stormwater utility projects has pumped millions of dollars into the local economy over the last several years. These two projects will be completed in 2012 and the City will see revenues increase due to the required hookup to the City's wastewater utility system. The City is also experiencing growth in the commercial and residential sector with new restaurants, businesses and single family residences coming online. In September 2011, the area's unemployment rate was 6.2%, compared with the statewide rate of 9.7%.

During 2007, the State of Florida mandated caps on the amount of money that could be collected through property taxes by local governments. In January, 2008, a constitutional amendment was approved by the electorate which provided for doubling the homestead exemption to \$50,000, exempted the first \$25,000 of business tangible personal property, limited the annual increase in the assessed value of commercial property to 10%, and allowed homeowners to take savings of their current property from having assessed value increases limited to no more than 3% annually (Save Our Homes constitutional amendment passed in 1993) regardless of market value and have that savings (market value less assessed value) applied to the assessed value of a newly purchased homestead property. When taken together, these measures limit the amount of property tax revenues the City can generate to fund operations.

These financial constraints have been and will continue to be major factors in the City's budgeting process. In consideration of these factors, City Council has focused efforts on controlling expenditures, while minimizing the impact to the level of services provided.

Long-term Financial Planning and Relevant Financial Policies

As discussed further under the major initiatives section, the City has developed a comprehensive financial plan to pay for the cost, operation and maintenance of its wastewater and stormwater utility systems. As part of this process the City engaged experts to assist in the development of assessment methodology and

to perform utility rate studies. The resulting assessment and rate ordinances adopted by the City will allow the City to pay for the improvements over a period of time that is significantly shorter than the estimated useful lives of the utility assets.

The City has also been successful in securing below market rate loans through the state revolving loan fund program and has aggressively sought significant grant funding in order to lessen the cost burden on the local community.

The City has adopted a cash management policy that is designed to maintain earnings free from risk, maintain adequate liquidity to meet the City's obligations, and maximize investment return. To ensure the safety of the City's funds, all investments are with depositories that are qualified under Florida law and thus are fully collateralized in accordance with Chapter 280 of the State statutes.

Major Initiatives

The Florida Legislature has identified the Florida Keys as an area of critical state concern due in part to pollution and questionable water quality resulting from the absence of adequate wastewater treatment throughout the Florida Keys. Over the past several years the City has devoted significant amounts of time, energy and resources to the construction of a City wide wastewater collection and treatment utility. Numerous improvements continue to be made to various stormwater systems throughout the City as well. The purpose of the stormwater system is to reduce flooding in the public right of way and reduce discharges through surface runoff and through existing stormwater outfalls by collecting and treating stormwater. The City is particularly proud of its accomplishments in improving the near shore water quality of the surrounding waters through the timely completion of these projects. With the completion of these necessary infrastructure projects, the City is now poised to begin the process of redevelopment of older amenities and plans to focus on creating sufficient modern accommodations to make Marathon the family fun destination of the Florida Keys.

The City continues to pursue its long-term goals as outlined in the Five Year Capital Improvement Plan adopted annually by the City Council and the City's Planning Commission. In December of 2011, the executive director of the Florida Department of Economic Opportunity reported to the Florida Cabinet, which oversees the work plan for the Florida Keys area of critical state concern, that Marathon completed 94% of the assigned task targeted for completion by the City for 2011 and additionally had completed six tasks scheduled for completion in 2012 ahead of schedule. The City also continues to devote resources to transportation and traffic issues and concerns. Included are various roadway and intersection improvements, roadway beautification efforts and resurfacing of local roads. Other major projects currently included in the Five Year Capital Improvement Plan are:

- The construction of a fire station on Grassy Key
- The continued implementation of the Fire Safety Program
- Continuing improvements to City parks, beaches, and roadways

Awards and Acknowledgements

On January 18, 2012, the Governor and Cabinet of the State of Florida formally commended Marathon for the City's accomplishments with regard to the wastewater and stormwater infrastructure projects as well as the completion of substantially all of its work plan objectives. In recognition, the City was awarded up to 200 entitlements for the construction of new hotel rooms in the City of Marathon.

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of Marathon for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. This was the eighth consecutive year that the City of Marathon achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that the September 30, 2011 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

The preparation of this report would not have been accomplished without the dedicated and efficient service of the entire staff of the finance department. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of other City departments who assisted and contributed to the preparation of this report. We would also like to express a special note of thanks to our independent certified public accountants, Keefe, McCullough & Co., LLP, for their cooperation and assistance. Their professional approach and high standards in the conduct of their independent audit of the City's financial records and transactions is greatly appreciated.

Credit must also be given to the Mayor and City Council for their leadership and support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City of Marathon's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

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Roger Hernstadt City Manager

Pater Rosorios, COA

Peter Rosasco Finance Director

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

CITY COUNCIL

Pete Worthington, Mayor Dick Ramsay, Vice-Mayor

Ginger Snead, Councilwoman Richard Keating, Councilman Mike Cinque, Councilman

CITY MANAGER

Roger Hernstadt

CITY CLERK

Diane Clavier

CITY ATTORNEY

John Herin Stearns, Weaver, Miller, Weissler, Alhadeff & Sitterson, P.A.

FINANCE DIRECTOR

Peter L. Rosasco, CPA

CITY AUDITORS

Keefe, McCullough & Co., LLP Accountants • Advisors

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of Marathon Florida

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2010

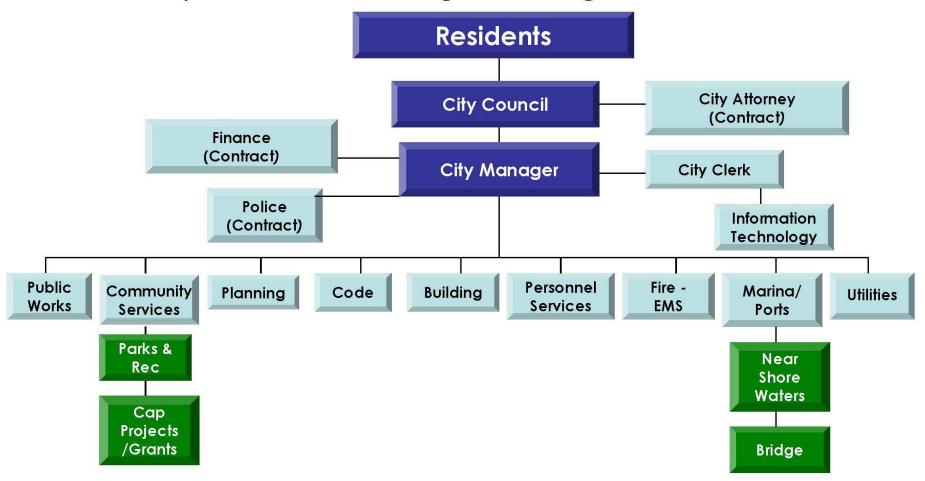
A Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting is presented by the Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada to government units and public employee retirement systems whose comprehensive annual financial reports (CAFRs) achieve the highest standards in government accounting and financial reporting.



Linda C. Dandson

President

Executive Director



City of Marathon FY11 Department Organizational Chart

FINANCIAL SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and City Council City of Marathon, Florida Marathon, Florida

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Marathon, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the City's management. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of September 30, 2011 and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended, in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 23, 2012, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and the schedules of funding progress on pages 3 through 15 and pages 56 and 57, respectively, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

City of Marathon, Florida

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's financial statements as a whole. The introductory section, budgetary comparison information, other financial information and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, Audits of States, Local Governments and *Non-Profit Organizations*, and is also not a required part of the financial statements. The budgetary comparison information, other financial information and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole. The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

KEEFE, MCCULLOUGH & CO., LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 23, 2012

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (MD&A)

As management of the City of Marathon, we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with the additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i through v of this report.

Fund-based financial reporting and government-wide reporting are not viewed as being in conflict; however, they are not comparable. A significant portion of this analysis focuses on the changes in the government-wide statements, while still providing information on the City's fund-based comparative changes.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Marathon exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$ 90,497,015 (net assets), as compared with \$ 85,464,037 for the previous year. Of this amount, \$ 16,236,043 (unrestricted net assets) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors as compared with \$ 5,556,572 for the previous year.
- The City's total net assets increased by \$ 5,032,978 or 5.89% during the current fiscal year. Included in the total net assets are governmental net assets that decreased by \$ 119,552 and business-type activities net assets that increased by \$ 5,152,530.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 8,247,223, a decrease of \$ 2,081,638 in comparison with the prior year. \$ 2,042,757 (24.77%), of this total amount is available for spending at the City's discretion (unassigned fund balance in the general fund).
- The City's total debt increased by \$ 14,347,274 (20.26%) during the current fiscal year. The primary factor of the increase was additional draws from the State Revolving Fund loans to fund the continuing construction of wastewater and stormwater utility capital improvements.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City of Marathon's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements contain three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements

The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net assets* presents information on all the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net assets. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net assets changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City of Marathon that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, community services (public works, street and bridge maintenance, parks and recreation), public safety (fire, EMS, police), and community development (planning, building, code). The business-type activities of the City include a full-service marina, a wastewater utility and a stormwater utility.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 16 and 17 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements

A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City of Marathon, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Marathon can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

During fiscal year 2011 the City of Marathon implemented Governmental Accounting and Financial Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 54 *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. The objective of Statement No. 54 is to enhance the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classifications that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. Fund balances are now presented in the following classifications:

Non-Spendable Fund Balance – Amounts that are not in a spendable form (for example, inventory, long-term portion of loans, prepaid expenses, and notes receivable), or are required to be maintained intact (for example, the principal of an endowment fund).

Restricted Fund Balance – Amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by external resource providers (i.e. grant providers), constitutionally, or through enabling legislation (legislation that creates a new revenue source and restricts its use). Effectively, a restriction may be changed or lifted only with the consent of resource providers.

Committed Fund Balance – Amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the government's highest level of decision-making authority (i.e. City Council). Commitments may be changed or lifted only by the government taking the same formal action that imposed the constraint originally.

Assigned Fund Balance – Amounts intended to be used by the government for a specific purpose. Intent can be expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority (the authority for making an assignment is not required to be the government's highest level of decision making authority).

Unassigned Fund Balance – the residual classification for the general fund and includes all amounts not contained in other classifications. Unassigned amounts are technically available for any purpose.

With the implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 the City's vehicle replacement fund was reclassified from a special revenue fund to the general fund with the net assets of the vehicle replacement fund being considered as *committed* fund balance of the general fund.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the City's near term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate the comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City of Marathon maintains several individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, capital infrastructure fund, and street maintenance fund which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds is provided in the form of *combining statements* on pages 58 and 59 of this report.

The City of Marathon adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund, four of its special revenue funds and the debt service fund. A budgetary comparison schedule has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget (pages 51 and 52). A budgetary comparison schedule has also been provided for the major special revenue funds, which are the capital infrastructure fund (page 53) and the street maintenance fund (page 54).

The governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 18 through 21 of this report.

Proprietary funds. The City of Marathon maintains one type of proprietary fund. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its wastewater utility, its stormwater utility and its marina.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide information for the wastewater and stormwater utilities and the marina (nonmajor).

The proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 22 through 25 of this report. Data from the only nonmajor proprietary fund, the marina enterprise fund, is also included in this presentation.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds. The firefighters' pension plan and trust fund is the only fiduciary fund for the City.

The basic fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 26 and 27 of this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 28 through 50 of this report.

Other Information

In addition to the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes, this report also presents certain *required supplementary information*, concerning the City of Marathon's budgetary comparison schedules for the major funds and the progress in funding its obligation to provide pension benefits to its firefighters.

Required supplementary information can be found on pages 51 through 57 of this report.

The combining statements referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds are presented immediately following the required supplementary information. Combining and individual fund statements and schedules can be found on pages 58 through 61 of this report.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

Net Assets

As noted earlier, net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Marathon, assets exceeded liabilities by \$ 90,497,015 at the close of the most recent fiscal year, compared to net assets of \$ 85,464,037 in the prior year.

		Governme	Activities		Business-T	pe A	Activities		Total			
	_	2011		2010	_	2011	_	2010		2011	_	2010
Current and other assets	\$	11,250,135	\$	11,537,611	\$	22,951,263	\$	18,144,359	\$	34,201,398	\$	29,681,970
Capital assets (net)		32,972,288	· _	32,635,688	·	115,264,861	· -	99,344,789	· _	148,237,149	· -	131,980,477
Total assets	_	44,222,423		44,173,299		138,216,124		117,489,148	· <u> </u>	182,438,547		161,662,447
Current and												
other liabilities		3,939,628		3,054,466		14,841,590		3,267,149		18,781,218		6,321,615
Long term liabilities	_	5,168,036		5,884,522	_	67,992,278	-	63,992,273	_	73,160,314		69,876,795
Total liabilities	_	9,107,664		8,938,988		82,833,868	-	67,259,422	_	91,941,532	_	76,198,410
Net assets:												
Invested in capital assets,												
net of related debt		27,231,548		26,154,207		43,132,708		50,378,894		70,364,256		76,533,101
Restricted		3,896,716		3,374,364		-		-		3,896,716		3,374,364
Unrestricted (deficit)	_	3,986,495		5,705,740		12,249,548	_	(149,168)	_	16,236,043	_	5,556,572
Total net assets	\$	35,114,759	\$	35,234,311	\$	55,382,256	\$	50,229,726	\$	90,497,015	\$	85,464,037

City of Marathon's Net Assets

The largest portion of the City's net assets (77.75%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g. land, building, and equipment), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. This investment in capital assets reflects an 8.06% decrease from the prior year. The City uses its capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net assets, 3,896,716 (4.31%), represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. This represents an increase of 15.48% from the previous year's balance of 3,374,364. The remaining balance of unrestricted net assets 16,236,043 (17.94%) may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.

Changes in Net Assets

Governmental activities and business-type activities increased the City's net assets by \$ 5,032,978 from the previous fiscal year. The relevant revenue and expense categories and their effect on nets assets is summarized in the table below. The information presented in this table will be used in the subsequent discussion of governmental and business-type activities:

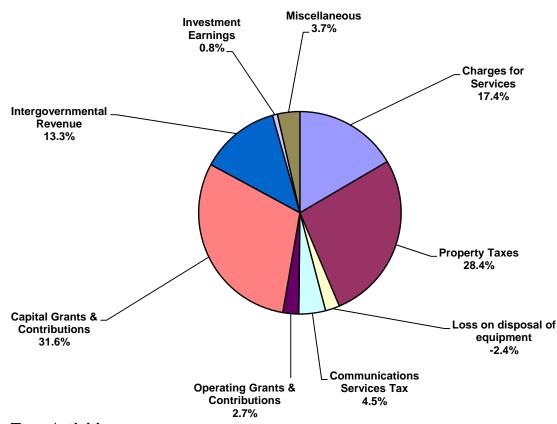
	Governmental Activities								T			
	_		ital 4			Business-Ty 2011	/pe A		-		otal	2010
Revenues:	_	2011		2010	_	2011	-	2010	-	2011	-	2010
Program revenues:												
Charges for services	\$	2,189,660	\$	2,011,346	\$	2,909,642	\$	1,687,055	\$	5,099,302	\$	3,698,401
Operating grants	φ	2,189,000	φ	2,011,540	φ	2,909,042	φ	1,007,000	φ	5,099,502	φ	5,098,401
and contributions		336,415		1,250,302		16,921		52,421		353,336		1,302,723
Capital grants		550,415		1,230,302		10,921		52,421		555,550		1,302,723
and contributions		3,988,661		2,973,949		6,754,484		20,000,850		10,743,145		22,974,799
General revenues:		5,900,001		2,975,949		0,754,404		20,000,000		10,745,145		22,974,799
Property taxes		3,580,301		3,746,062		_		_		3,580,301		3,746,062
Other taxes		562,218		591,504		_		-		562,218		591,504
State shared revenues		1,684,366		1,575,835		_		_		1,684,366		1,575,835
Investment earnings		103,927		194,189		167,282		299,205		271,209		493,394
Loss on disposal of equipment		(299,876)		-		-		277,205		(299,876)		
Miscellaneous		473,615		170,699		275,000		-		748,615		170,699
Wilseenaneous	-	475,015	-	170,077	-	275,000	-		-	740,015		170,077
Total revenues		12,619,287		12,513,886		10,123,329		22,039,531		22,742,616		34,553,417
Expenses:												
General government		3,930,619		3,646,885		-		-		3,930,619		3,646,885
Public safety		4,524,285		4,580,076		-		-		4,524,285		4,580,076
Community services		2,850,714		2,577,772		-		-		2,850,714		2,577,772
Community development		860,053		941,914		-		-		860,053		941,914
Interest on												
long-term debt		266,465		298,339		-		-		266,465		298,339
Marina		-		-		714,940		688,583		714,940		688,583
Wastewater		-		-		3,903,661		2,126,390		3,903,661		2,126,390
Stormwater		-		-		658,901	·	274,878	_	658,901	_	274,878
Total expenses	_	12,432,136		12,044,986		5,277,502		3,089,851	_	17,709,638	_	15,134,837
Increase in net assets												
before transfers		187,151		468,900		4,845,827		18,949,680		5,032,978		19,418,580
Transfers		(306,703)		(464,950)		306,703		464,950		-		-
	_				_		_	· · · · ·	_		_	
Increase in net assets		(119,552)		3,950		5,152,530		19,414,630		5,032,978		19,418,580
Net assets, October 1		35,234,311		35,230,361		50,229,726		30,815,096		85,464,037		66,045,457
Net assets,												
September 30	\$	35,114,759	\$	35,234,311	\$	55,382,256	\$	50,229,726	\$	90,497,015	\$	85,464,037

City of Marathon's Changes in Net Assets

Governmental activities decreased the City of Marathon's net assets by \$ 119,552 as compared to an increase in net assets of \$ 3,950 in the prior fiscal year.

Program revenues, comprised of charges for services as well as operating and capital grants, and contributions represent 51.7% of the governmental activities total revenues. Property taxes, which represent 28.4% of total revenues for governmental activities, are non-program specific and are used to fund all activities not covered by program revenues.

Revenue Sources - Governmental Activities

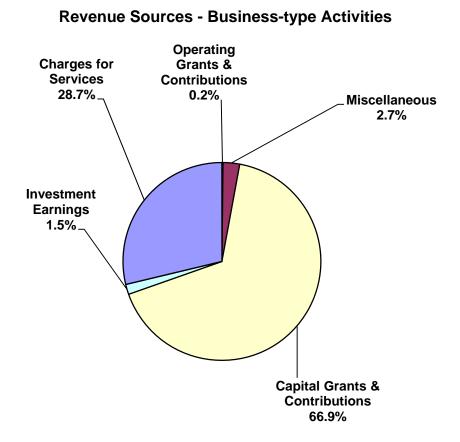


Business-Type Activities

Business-type activities increased the City of Marathon's net assets by \$ 5,152,530. This increase in net assets is due principally to the fact that capital grants and contributions, including special capital assessments, directly increase capital assets in the wastewater and stormwater utilities and are not used for operating expenses.

This is the eighth year of operation for the Marina Enterprise Fund, and the sixth year of operation for the Wastewater and Stormwater Utility Enterprise Funds.

- In total, the City's business-type activities reflected an operating loss of \$ 1,493,909 This is primarily due to:
 - The Wastewater Fund's operating loss of \$ 970,710. This wastewater operating loss is down from the previous year's operating loss of \$ 1,105,640 mainly due to additional properties hooking up to the City's wastewater system.
 - The Marina Fund's operating loss is \$ 71,512. This operating loss is \$ 54,259 more than its operating loss from the previous year due to a decease in mooring ball revenues, and due to a timing difference between an expense incurred to inspect the marina's mooring balls, and the receipt of intergovernmental funding for the inspection project.
- Grants and contributions, both operating and capital, represent 67.1% of the total business-type revenues.



Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City of Marathon uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds

The focus of the City's *governmental funds* is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of *spendable* resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, *unassigned fund balance* may serve as a useful measure of a government's resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Marathon's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$ 8,247,223 a decrease of \$ 2,081,638 in comparison with the prior year. This decrease is primarily due to a \$ 2,000,000 legal settlement payout from the General Fund. \$ 2,042,757 (24.77%) of this total amount constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of fund balance: \$ 33,974 is restricted for police education, \$ 2,440,688 is restricted for capital projects, \$ 1,418,886 is restricted for street maintenance projects, \$ 134,177 is *nonspendable fund balance* for prepaid items, \$ 431,980 is assigned for use in the subsequent years budget, and \$ 1,744,764 is *committed fund balance* to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is already committed for a variety of restricted purposes.

General Fund

The General Fund is the main operating fund of the City of Marathon. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$ 2,042,757 while total fund balance was \$ 3,886,794. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents 18.96% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 36.07% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City of Marathon's General Fund decreased by 2,594,633 during the current fiscal year. Total General Fund expenditures increased 22.88% while total revenues decreased 4.19%.

The amount of General Fund revenue by type, the percent of the total and the amount of change compared to last fiscal year are shown in the following schedule:

	 2011 Amount	Percentage of Total	 2010 Amount	Percentage of Total	 Increase (Decrease) From 2010	Percentage of Increase (Decrease)
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 3,580,301	46%	\$ 3,746,062	46%	\$ (165,761)	-4 %
Intergovernmental	1,854,322	24%	2,111,506	26%	(257,184)	-12%
Licenses and permits	631,917	8%	580,463	7%	51,454	9%
Charges for services	897,555	12%	811,580	10%	85,975	11%
Fines and forfeitures	122,385	2%	94,318	1%	28,067	30%
Communication						
services taxes	562,218	7%	591,504	7%	(29,286)	-5%
Interest	67,780	1%	103,248	1%	(35,468)	-34%
Miscellaneous	 76,206	1%	 94,719	1%	 (18,513)	-20%
Total revenues	\$ 7,792,684	100%	\$ 8,133,400	100%	\$ (340,716)	-4 %

- Property taxes revenue decreased 4% due to the City assessing a millage rate below the roll back rate, which is the tax rate that would bring in the same amount of dollars from the previous year, and due to lower assessed property values.
- Intergovernmental revenues decreased 12% due to a decrease in grant revenues.
- Interest revenue decreased 34% due to lower interest rates and cash balances during the year.
- License and permit revenue increased 9% due to an increase in building permit activity, primarily as a result of businesses and individuals hooking up to the City sewer system.
- Fines and forfeitures revenue increased 30% due to an increase in code enforcement fines.
- Miscellaneous revenue decreased 20%; this is primarily due to an insurance recovery payment received during the prior fiscal year for damage to fire equipment items.

	_	2011 Amount	Percentage of Total	 2010 Amount	Percentage of Total	 Increase (Decrease) From 2008	Percentage of Increase (Decrease)
Expenditures:							
City Council	\$	474,509	4%	\$ 451,257	5%	\$ 23,252	5%
Administration		1,589,356	15%	1,677,011	19%	(87,655)	-5%
Legal		2,685,397	25%	356,845	4%	2,328,552	653%
Police services		1,314,499	12%	1,363,972	16%	(49,473)	-4 %
Fire/EMS		2,800,368	26%	2,824,069	32%	(23,701)	-1 %
Public Works		91,931	1%	181,978	2%	(90,047)	-49%
Parks and recreation		956,103	9%	959,273	11%	(3,170)	0%
Bridge		42,066	0%	42,693	0%	(627)	-1 %
Community development	_	820,110	8%	 911,026	10%	 (90,916)	-10%
Total expenditures	\$	10,774,339	100%	\$ 8,768,124	100%	\$ 2,006,215	23%

Expenditures in the General Fund are shown in the following schedule:

- Legal expenditures increased 653% due to a legal settlement payment.
- Public safety (Police and Fire/EMS) accounts for approximately 38% of the General Fund expenditures.
- Public works expenses decreased 49% due to decreased personnel costs.
- Community development expenditures decreased 10% due to lower personnel and professional services contract costs.

Other governmental funds

Significant items pertaining to other governmental funds are as follows:

- The Capital Infrastructure Fund increased its fund balance by \$ 200,518 due to an increase in grant revenues.
- The Street Maintenance Fund increased its fund balance by \$ 316,382 due to decreased expenditures from the conclusion of several ongoing capital projects for improvements to the City's streets that have been in progress over the previous year.

Proprietary Funds

In addition to the items already addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities, other significant items pertaining to the City's business-type activities are as follows:

Wastewater Fund

• The City is continuing its design and construction of a City-wide wastewater collection and treatment system. During the current fiscal year, this construction activity resulted in a decrease in the Wastewater Utility unrestricted net assets of \$ 515,031 and an increase in investment in capital assets (net of related debt) of \$ 4,751,941.

Stormwater Fund

• The City is continuing its design and construction of City-wide stormwater collection and treatment infrastructure, in conjunction with its City-wide wastewater utility project. During the current fiscal year, this construction activity resulted in an increase in the Stormwater Utility unrestricted net assets of \$ 12,950,962 and a decrease in investment in capital assets (net of related debt) of \$ 11,934,813.

Marina Fund

• The activities at the City's marina resulted in an decrease in unrestricted net assets of \$ 37,215 and a decrease in investment in capital assets (net of related debt) of \$ 63,314.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Differences between the original budget and the final amended budget resulted in a \$ 2,138,249 increase to total appropriations, and an \$ 115,565 decrease to revenues. The significant changes to the individual departments (budgetary level of control for the general fund) from the original to the final amended budget can be briefly summarized as follows:

- \$ 2,240,000 in increases allocated to the legal department for expenditures related to the settlement of a legal issue.
- \$ 160,000 in increases allocated to the fire/EMS department for increased retirement benefit, and personnel expenditures.
- \$ 90,000 in decreases allocated to the police department for expenditures being less than originally anticipated.
- \$ 55,168 in decreases allocated to the parks and recreation department for expenditures being less than originally anticipated.
- \$ 104,678 in decreased EMS service fee revenues.
- \$ 51,351 in decreased interest revenues.
- \$44,181 in increased code fine revenues.

Actual expenditures were \$ 124,086 below the final budgeted amounts. The significant variances can be summarized as follows:

- Expenditures for City administration were \$ 27,365 under the budgeted amount due to lower than anticipated expenditures for personnel costs.
- Expenditures for community services were \$ 23,035 under the budgeted amount due to lower than anticipated expenditures for personnel costs, and professional services contract costs.
- Community development expenditures were \$ 40,455 under the budgeted amount due to lower than anticipated expenditures for personnel and professional services contract costs.
- City attorney expenditures were \$ 50,397 over the budgeted amount due to higher than anticipated costs for professional service expenditures related to a settlement of a legal matter.
- Police expenditures were \$ 74,074 under the budgeted amount due to lower than anticipated costs for professional services contract costs.

Resources available for appropriations were \$ 23,449 over the budgeted amount. The significant variances can be summarized as follows:

- Charges for services were \$ 19,578 over the budgeted amount as a result of collections being higher than anticipated.
- Intergovernmental revenues were \$ 6,195 over the budgeted amount as a result of an increase in sales tax revenues.
- Fines and forfeitures revenues were \$ 3,617 under the budgeted amount as a result of collections being less than anticipated for traffic court fines.
- Property tax revenues were \$ 1,932 under the budgeted amount as a result of the collections being less than anticipated.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The City of Marathon's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of September 30, 2011, amounts to \$148,237,149 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings and improvements, furniture and equipment, and park facilities. The investment does not include governmental infrastructure assets acquired prior to 2004, as GASB 34 does not require Phase III governments to report infrastructure retroactively. The total increase in the City's investment in capital assets for the current fiscal year was \$16,256,672 (12%) as compared to \$35,574,423 (35%) in the prior year.

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- The investment in construction in progress decreased in the area of governmental activities by \$725,610 as ongoing street, sidewalk, beach and park improvement projects are completed.
- The investment in construction in progress in business-type activities increased by \$ 16,180,189 primarily due to the ongoing construction of the City-wide wastewater and stormwater treatment plants and collection systems during the year.

		Governme	ntal .	Activities		Business-Ty	Activities		Total			
		2011		2010		2011		2010		2011		2010
Capital assets, net of depreciation:									-			
Land	\$	8,930,788	\$	8,930,788	\$	2,957,857	\$	2,667,687	\$	11,888,645	\$	11,598,475
Intangibles		11,422		3,822		1,613,745		720,399		1,625,167		724,221
Construction in progress		539,307		1,264,917		55,177,780		38,997,591		55,717,087		40,262,508
Buildings		10,890,195		11,236,094		14,510,203		15,216,789		25,400,398		26,452,883
Leasehold improvements		30,094		33,678		-		-		30,094		33,678
Improvement other												
than buildings		9,687,451		8,554,774		39,902,045		40,560,244		49,589,496		49,115,018
Fire equipment and												
vehicles		1,866,249		1,630,239		382,025		412,386		2,248,274		2,042,625
Furniture and												
equipment	_	1,016,782	_	981,376	_	721,206	-	769,693	_	1,737,988	_	1,751,069
Total	\$	32,972,288	\$	32,635,688	\$	115,264,861	\$	99,344,789	\$	148,237,149	\$	131,980,477

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 7 on pages 39 through 41 of this report.

Long-term debt

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City of Marathon had governmental activities improvement revenue bond debt outstanding of \$ 5,740,740. This debt is secured by the City's local discretionary sales surtax revenues. The City also had State Revolving Fund debt outstanding of \$ 39,429,612 split between the wastewater enterprise fund (\$ 26,605,064) and the stormwater enterprise fund (\$ 12,824,548). In addition, the City has a \$ 10,000,000 Series 2008 Wastewater System Revenue Bond for wastewater improvements in the Wastewater Enterprise Fund, and a \$ 29,806,380 Series 2009 Florida Utility System Revenue Bond split between the Wastewater Enterprise Fund (\$ 22,354,785) and Stormwater Enterprise Fund (\$ 7,451,595) for wastewater and stormwater improvements. The State Revolving Fund debt is secured by the pledge of future non-ad valorem capital assessments for utility construction.

	Governme	Activities	Business-Ty	Activities		Total				
	 2011		2010	 2011		2010	_	2011		2010
Long-term debt:							_		_	
Improvement										
Revenue Bonds	\$ 5,740,740	\$	6,481,481	\$ -	\$	-	\$	5,740,740	\$	6,481,481
State Revolving										
Fund loan	-		-	39,429,612		24,171,550		39,429,612		24,171,550
Wastewater System										
Revenue Bonds	-		-	39,806,380		40,000,000		39,806,380		40,000,000
Compensated absences	 184,012		159,757	 15,255		15,937	_	199,267		175,694
Total	\$ 5,924,752	\$	6,641,238	\$ 79,251,247	\$	64,187,487	\$	85,175,999	\$	70,828,725

The City of Marathon's total debt increased \$ 14,347,274 (20.26%) during the current fiscal year, primarily due to additional draws from the State Revolving Fund loans to fund the continuing construction of wastewater and stormwater utility capital improvements.

Additional information on the City of Marathon's long-term debt can be found in Note 8 on pages 41 through 44 of this report.

Economic Factors and Next Year's Budgets and Rates

The unemployment rate for Monroe Country is currently 6.2%, which is a decrease from a rate of 8.6% a year ago. The rate still compares favorably to the state's average unemployment rate of 9.7%.

During the current fiscal year unassigned fund balance in the General Fund decreased to \$2,042,757. Decreased property values resulted in a roll back rate, which is the tax rate that would bring in the same amount of dollars from the previous year, of 2.0188. For the fiscal year 2012, the City adopted a final millage rate of 1.9999 mills which is .94% below the roll back rate, as compared to 1.8458 in fiscal year 2011.

The Marina Fund was in an operating income position before the effects of depreciation; however, after depreciation expense is taken into account the fund reported an operating loss. The fund has reported operating losses for eight consecutive years, however, subsequent to fiscal year 2011 the City Council approved increases to the marina's fees charged for services.

During fiscal year 2012, the City will be working on the following programs/projects:

- Completion of the City-wide wastewater collection and treatment system
- Construction of various stormwater drainage projects
- Construction of a fire station on Grassy Key

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS September 30, 2011

- Continued implementation of the Fire Safety Program
- Various beach and park improvements
- Various street/transportation/bridge improvements

All of these factors were considered in preparing the City of Marathon's budget for the 2012 fiscal year.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Marathon's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to Finance Director, City of Marathon, 9805 Overseas Highway, Marathon, Florida 33050.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2011

ASSETS:		Governmental Activities	_	Business- type Activities	-	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	9,862,237	\$	22,614,678	\$	32,476,915
Investments	Ψ	31,124	Ψ	22,014,070	Ψ	31,124
Receivables, net		483,688		158,381		642,069
Due from other governments		738,909		80,933		819,842
Prepaids		134,177		23,562		157,739
Deferred charges		-		73,709		73,709
Capital assets not being depreciated		9,481,517		59,749,382		69,230,899
Capital assets, being depreciated		23,490,771		55,515,479		79,006,250
Capital assets, being depreciated		25,490,771	-	55,515,477	-	77,000,230
Total assets		44,222,423	_	138,216,124	-	182,438,547
LIABILITIES: Accounts payable and						
accrued liabilities		2,978,344		3,582,621		6,560,965
Due to other governments		24,568		-		24,568
Net OPEB obligation		180,000		-		180,000
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Due within one year		756,716		11,258,969		12,015,685
Due in more than one year	•	5,168,036	_	67,992,278	-	73,160,314
Total liabilities		9,107,664	_	82,833,868	-	91,941,532
COMMITMENTS AND						
CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 9)		-		-		-
NET ASSETS:						
Invested in capital assets,						
net of related debt Restricted for:		27,231,548		43,132,708		70,364,256
Capital projects		2,440,688		_		2,440,688
Street maintenance		1,422,054		-		1,422,054
Police education		33,974		_		33,974
Unrestricted		3,986,495		12,249,548		16,236,043
	•	2,200,125	-		-	10,200,010
Total net assets	\$	35,114,759	\$ _	55,382,256	\$	90,497,015

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		Charges	Program Revenu Operating Grants and	Capital Grants and	Changes Governmental	se) Revenue and in Net Assets Business- type	
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions	Activities	Activities	Total
Governmental activities: General government	\$ 3,930,619	\$ 195,765	\$-	\$ -	\$ (3,734,854)	\$ -	\$ (3,734,854)
Public safety	4,524,285	927,827	[•] 163,118	Ψ	(3,433,340)	Ψ -	(3,433,340)
Community services	2,850,714	569,458	173,297	3,923,652	1,815,693	-	1,815,693
Community development	860,053	496,610		65,009	(298,434)	-	(298,434)
Interest on long-term debt	266,465				(266,465)		(266,465)
Total governmental activities	12,432,136	2,189,660	336,415	3,988,661	(5,917,400)		(5,917,400)
Business-type activities: Wastewater	3,903,661	2,266,214	_	5,650,006	_	4,012,559	4,012,559
Stormwater	658,901	2,200,211	_	1,100,604	_	441,703	441,703
Marina	714,940	643,428	16,921	3,874		(50,717)	(50,717)
Total business-type activities	5,277,502	2,909,642	16,921	6,754,484		4,403,545	4,403,545
Total	\$ 17,709,638	\$	\$ 353,336	\$ 10,743,145	(5,917,400)	4,403,545	(1,513,855)
	General revenues Property taxes				3,580,301	-	3,580,301
	Communication				562,218	-	562,218
		ntergovernmental			1,684,366	-	1,684,366
		nvestment earning	gs		103,927	167,282	271,209
	Miscellaneous				473,615	275,000	748,615
	Loss on dispos Transfers	sal of equipment			(299,876) (306,703)	- 306,703	(299,876)
	Total genera	l revenues			5,797,848	748,985	6,546,833
	Change in net ass	sets			(119,552)	5,152,530	5,032,978
	Net assets, begin	nning			35,234,311	50,229,726	85,464,037

\$ 90,497,015

The accompanying notes to the financial statements are an integral part of these statements.

35,114,759

\$

\$ 55,382,256

Net assets, ending

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2011

ASSETS:		General Fund		Capital Infrastructure Fund	1	Street Maintenance Fund	Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds		Total Governmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Receivables, net Due from other governments Prepaid items	\$	5,477,766 20,357 423,688 362,197 131,006	\$	2,247,751 1,357 - 299,648	\$	1,698,843 9,410 - 77,064 3,171	\$ 437,877	\$	9,862,237 31,124 483,688 738,909 134,177
Total assets	\$		\$	2,548,756	\$	1,788,488	\$ 497,877	\$	11,250,135
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Due to other governments	\$	2,503,842 24,378	\$	108,068 -	\$	366,434	\$ - 190	\$	2,978,344 24,568
Total liabilities	_	2,528,220	,	108,068	_	366,434	190	-	3,002,912
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 9)		-		-		-	-		-
Fund balances: Nonspendable: Prepaid items Restricted for:		131,006		-		3,171	-		134,177
Capital projects Street maintenance Police education		33,974		2,440,688 - -		- 1,418,883 -	- -		2,440,688 1,418,883 33,974
Committed to: Vehicle replacement Infrastructure improvements Affordable housing Restoration projects		1,247,077 - - -		- - -		- - -	260,821 137,379 99,487		1,247,077 260,821 137,379 99,487
Assigned for: Subsequent year's budget Unassigned	_	431,980 2,042,757		-	_	-	-	-	431,980 2,042,757
Total fund balances	_	3,886,794		2,440,688	_	1,422,054	497,687	-	8,247,223
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$_	6,415,014	\$	2,548,756	\$_	1,788,488	\$ 497,877	\$	11,250,135

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS September 30, 2011

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:

Total fund balances of governmental funds in the balance sheet, page 18	\$	8,247,223
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds:		
Governmental capital assets Less accumulated depreciation		39,813,965 (6,841,677)
Certain liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the funds:		
Net OPEB obligation Compensated absences payable Governmental revenue bonds payable	_	(180,000) (184,012) (5,740,740)
NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES, PAGE 16	\$	35,114,759

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES -GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

	General Fund	Infra	Capital astructure Fund	_	Street Maintenance Fund		Other Nonmajor Governmental Funds	(Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES:									
Property taxes	3,580,301	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	3,580,301
Intergovernmental	1,854,322	3,	271,462		1,303,349		-		6,429,133
Licenses and permits	631,917		-		-		982		632,899
Charges for services	897,555		-		-		-		897,555
Fines and forfeitures	122,385		-		-		-		122,385
Communications services tax	562,218		-		-		-		562,218
Impact fees	-		-		-		100,609		100,609
Special assessments	-		-		12,461		_		12,461
Interest	67,780		16,484		15,246		4,417		103,927
Miscellaneous	76,206		401,382	-	-	_	87		477,675
Total revenues	7,792,684	3,	689,328	-	1,331,056	_	106,095		12,919,163
EXPENDITURES:									
Current:									
General government	4,749,262		-		-		-		4,749,262
Public safety	4,114,867		-		-		-		4,114,867
Community services	1,090,100		-		287,423		-		1,377,523
Community development	820,110		-		-		-		820,110
Capital outlay	-	1,	937,853		717,277		-		2,655,130
Debt service:									
Principal	-		-		-		740,741		740,741
Interest and fiscal charges			-	-	-	-	266,465	-	266,465
Total expenditures	10,774,339	1,	937,853	_	1,004,700	_	1,007,206	_	14,724,098
Excess (deficiency) of									
revenues over expenditures	(2,981,655)	1,	751,475	-	326,356	_	(901,111)	_	(1,804,935)
OTHER FINANCING									
SOURCES (USES):									
Sale of capital asset	-		30,000		-		-		30,000
Transfers in	1,038,936		761,914		-		1,007,206		2,808,056
Transfers out	(651,914)	(2,	342,871)	-	(9,974)	-	(110,000)	_	(3,114,759)
Total other financing									
sources (uses)	387,022	(1,	550,957)	_	(9,974)	_	897,206	_	(276,703)
Net change in fund balances	(2,594,633)		200,518		316,382		(3,905)		(2,081,638)
FUND BALANCES,									
beginning, as restated Note 2	6,481,427	2,	240,170	-	1,105,672	_	501,592		10,328,861
FUND BALANCES, ending	3,886,794	\$2,	440,688	\$	1,422,054	\$_	497,687	\$_	8,247,223

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

AMOUNTS REPORTED FOR GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES IN THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES ARE DIFFERENT BECAUSE:

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds, page 20	\$	(2,081,638)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is depreciated over their estimated useful lives:		
Expenditures for capital assets Less current year provision for depreciation		2,179,912 (1,513,436)
In the statement of activities, only the gain on the disposal of capital assets is reported, whereas in the governmental funds, only the proceeds from the disposal are reported:		
Proceeds from sale of capital asset Loss on disposal of capital asset		(30,000) (299,876)
Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long term liabilities in the statement of net assets.		740,741
Certain items reported in the statement of activities do not require the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds:		
Change in Net OPEB obligation Change in compensated absences payable Change in loss contingency	_	(91,000) (24,255) 1,000,000
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES, PAGE 17	\$	(119,552)

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS September 30, 2011

		Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds								
	•		Enterp	lise	Nonmajor					
		Majo	Major Funds					Total		
	•	Wastewater Fund		Stormwater Fund	-	Marina Fund		Enterprise Funds		
ASSETS:	•		-		-					
Current assets:										
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	18,632,181	\$	3,751,484	\$	231,013	\$	22,614,678		
Receivables, net		158,381		-		-		158,381		
Prepaids		10,924		1,833		10,805		23,562		
Due from other funds		734,608		-		-		734,608		
Due from other governments		33,706	-	4,088	-	43,139		80,933		
Total current assets		19,569,800	_	3,757,405	-	284,957		23,612,162		
Noncurrent assets:										
Deferred charges		56,037		17,672		-		73,709		
Capital assets not										
being depreciated		46,444,047		13,224,166		81,169		59,749,382		
Capital assets, net of										
accumulated depreciation		41,171,522	-	12,411,382	-	1,932,575		55,515,479		
Total noncurrent assets	•	87,671,606	-	25,653,220	-	2,013,744		115,338,570		
Total assets		107,241,406	-	29,410,625	-	2,298,701		138,950,732		
LIABILITIES										
Current liabilities:										
Accounts payable and										
accrued liabilities		2,736,064		786,546		60,011		3,582,621		
Due to other funds		-		734,608		-		734,608		
Current portion of										
loans payable		10,914,649		342,726		-		11,257,375		
Current portion of										
compensated absences		211	-	71	-	1,312		1,594		
Total current liabilities		13,650,924	_	1,863,951	-	61,323		15,576,198		
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Compensated absences,										
net of current portion		2,797		2,879		7,985		13,661		
Loans payable		48,045,199	-	19,933,418	-	-		67,978,617		
Total noncurrent liabilities		48,047,996	_	19,936,297	-	7,985		67,992,278		
Total liabilities	-	61,698,920	_	21,800,248	-	69,308		83,568,476		
NET ASSETS										
Invested in capital assets,										
net of related debt		34,817,260		6,301,704		2,013,744		43,132,708		
Unrestricted	-	10,725,226	_	1,308,673	_	215,649		12,249,548		
Total net assets	\$	45,542,486	\$	7,610,377	\$	2,229,393	\$	55,382,256		
			-		-					

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

	_	Business-Type Activities Enterprise Funds									
	-		Б		Nonmajor			m / 1			
		Majo Wastewater	r Fu	Stormwater	_	Fund Marina		Total Enterprise			
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds			
OPERATING REVENUES: Charges for services	\$	2,266,214	\$	-	\$	643,428	\$	2,909,642			
Total operating revenues		2,266,214		-	_	643,428		2,909,642			
OPERATING EXPENSES:											
Personnel costs		30,543		23,999		368,493		423,035			
Operating expenses		1,749,280		90,930		222,286		2,062,496			
Provision for depreciation								1 010 000			
and amortization	•	1,457,101	_	336,758	_	124,161	-	1,918,020			
Total operating expenses		3,236,924	_	451,687	_	714,940	_	4,403,551			
Operating income (loss)		(970,710)		(451,687)	_	(71,512)	_	(1,493,909)			
NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES):											
Interest income		163,132		1,262		2,888		167,282			
Miscellaneous		275,000		-		-		275,000			
Interest expense		(666,737)	_	(207,214)		-	-	(873,951)			
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(228,605)	_	(205,952)	_	2,888	_	(431,669)			
Income (loss) before											
capital contributions		(1,199,315)	_	(657,639)	_	(68,624)	_	(1,925,578)			
CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS											
Special assessments		4,256,660		1,011,680		-		5,268,340			
Grants Contribution of capital assets		500,000 893,346		88,924		16,921 3,874		605,845 897,220			
_			_		_		-				
Total capital contributions		5,650,006	_	1,100,604	_	20,795	_	6,771,405			
Income before transfers		4,450,691	_	442,965	_	(47,829)	_	4,845,827			
TRANSFERS											
Transfers in		-		650,000		-		650,000			
Transfers out		(213,781)	_	(76,816)	_	(52,700)	-	(343,297)			
Total transfers		(213,781)		573,184	_	(52,700)	_	306,703			
Change in net assets		4,236,910		1,016,149		(100,529)		5,152,530			
NET ASSETS, beginning		41,305,576	_	6,594,228	_	2,329,922	_	50,229,726			
NET ASSETS, ending	\$	45,542,486	\$_	7,610,377	\$	2,229,393	\$_	55,382,256			

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds							
	-	Majo Wastewater	r Fu	•	_	Nonmajor Fund Marina		Total Enterprise	
		Fund		Fund		Fund		Funds	
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Receipts from customers and users Payments to employees Payments to suppliers	\$	2,244,561 (26,029) (1,712,579)	\$	(20,257) (83,516)	\$	643,428 (383,384) (162,293)	\$	2,887,989 (429,670) (1,958,388)	
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	-	505,953	_	(103,773)	_	97,751	_	499,931	
CASH FLOWS FROM NON-CAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Operating grant proceeds Transfers to other funds	-	(213,781)	_	(76,816)		21,793 (52,700)	_	21,793 (343,297)	
Net cash used in non-capital and related financing activities	-	(213,781)	_	(76,816)	_	(30,907)	-	(321,504)	
CASH FLOWS FROM CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Acquisition of capital assets Proceeds from capital grants Proceeds from capital assessments Proceeds from settlement Proceeds from capital debt Transfers from other funds Repayments of capital debt Interest paid	_	(12,465,927) 972,860 4,256,660 275,000 7,439,063 4,068,035 (1,075,572) (1,436,114)	_	(3,070,138) 88,924 1,016,956 - 8,776,909 (3,418,035) (75,958) (368,038)	_	(54,651) - - - - - - - - - - - - -	-	$(15,590,716) \\ 1,061,784 \\ 5,273,616 \\ 275,000 \\ 16,215,972 \\ 650,000 \\ (1,151,530) \\ (1,804,152)$	
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	_	2,034,005		2,950,620	_	(54,651)	_	4,929,974	
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES: Interest received	_	163,132	_	1,262	_	2,888	-	167,282	
Net cash provided by investing activities	_	163,132	_	1,262	_	2,888	_	167,282	
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents		2,489,309		2,771,293		15,081		5,275,683	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, beginning	_	16,142,872		980,191	_	215,932	_	17,338,995	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, ending	\$	18,632,181	\$_	3,751,484	\$_	231,013	\$_	22,614,678	

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS (continued) For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

	_	Business-type Activities Enterprise Funds									
	_	Major Funds			Nonmajor Fund			Total			
	_	Wastewater Fund	-	Stormwater Fund		Marina Fund		Enterprise Funds			
RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Operating loss	\$_	(970,710)	\$_	(451,687)	\$	(71,512)	\$	(1,493,909)			
ADJUSTMENTS TO RECONCILE OPERATING LOSS TO NET CASH PROVIDED BY (USED IN) OPERATING ACTIVITIES: Provision for depreciation											
and amortization		1,457,101		336,758		124,161		1,918,020			
(Increase) decrease in: Receivables Prepaids Increase (decrease) in: Accounts payable and		(21,653) (4,962)		(329)		(2,351)		(21,653) (7,642)			
accrued liabilities		45,284		9,240		51,273		105,797			
Compensated absences	_	893	_	2,245		(3,820)		(682)			
Total adjustments	_	1,476,663	-	347,914		169,263		1,993,840			
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	\$_	505,953	\$_	(103,773)	\$	97,751	\$	499,931			
SUPPLEMENTAL DISCLOSURE OF NONCASH INVESTING											
AND FINANCING ACTIVITIES: Contributions of capital assets	\$_	893,346	\$_	-	\$	3,874	\$	897,220			

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION TRUST FUND September 30, 2011

ASSETS		
Cash	\$	51,692
Investments:		
Bond fund		1,582,349
Equity funds	_	1,237,736
Total investments		2,820,085
Receivables:		
Plan members		8,239
City (including State)	_	166,404
Total receivables	_	174,643
Total assets		3,046,420
LIABILITIES	_	
NET ASSETS:		
Net assets held in trust for pension benefits	\$_	3,046,420

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET ASSETS FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION TRUST FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

ADDITIONS: Contributions: Plan members City (including State)	\$	65,817 550,833
Total contributions	_	616,650
Investment income: Net depreciation in fair value of investments	_	(8,138)
Total additions	_	608,512
DEDUCTIONS: Administrative expenses Distributions	_	12,390 9,721
Total deductions	_	22,111
Change in net assets		586,401
NET ASSETS, beginning	_	2,460,019
NET ASSETS, ending	\$_	3,046,420

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of Marathon (the "City") is a municipal corporation organized pursuant to Chapter 99-427, Laws of Florida and is located in Monroe County (the "County"). The City was incorporated on November 30, 1999. The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: general government, public safety, community services and community development. The City also operates three enterprise funds which provide wastewater, stormwater and marina services.

The financial statements of the City have been prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States (GAAP) as applied to governmental units. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles. The more significant of the City's accounting policies are described below:

Financial reporting entity:

The financial statements were prepared in accordance with GASB pronouncements for *The Financial Reporting Entity*, which establishes standards for defining and reporting on the financial reporting entity. The definition of the financial reporting entity is based upon the concept that elected officials are accountable to their constituents for their actions. One of the objectives of financial reporting is to provide users of financial statements with a basis for assessing the accountability of the elected officials. The financial reporting entity consists of the City, organizations for which the City is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the City are such that exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The City is financially accountable for a component unit if it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing board and it is able to impose its will on that organization or there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the City. Based upon the application of these criteria, there were no organizations that met the criteria for component units described above.

Government-wide and fund financial statements:

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the City. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements.

Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, the proprietary funds, and the fiduciary fund, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and the major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation:

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are the proprietary funds and fiduciary fund financial statements. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures as well as expenditures related to compensated absences are recorded only when payment is due.

Property taxes, franchise fees and other taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Revenues for expenditure driven grants are recognized when the qualifying expenditures are incurred. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Capital Infrastructure Fund accounts for revenues derived from local government infrastructure surtax levied in the County. Funds can only be expended to finance, plan and construct infrastructure and to acquire land for public recreation, conservation or protection of natural resources.

The Street Maintenance Fund is used to account for revenues derived from a portion of state shared revenues, and the local option gas tax. Funds can only be used for road construction and maintenance.

The City reports the following major proprietary funds:

The Wastewater Fund accounts for the provision of wastewater services to City residents and businesses.

The Stormwater Fund accounts for the provision of stormwater management services to City residents and businesses.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fiduciary fund type:

The Firefighters' Pension Fund is used to account for the City's single-employer defined benefit pension plan covering its firefighters.

Private-sector standards of accounting and financial reporting issued prior to December 1, 1989, generally are followed in both the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements to the extent that those standards do not conflict with or contradict guidance of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. The City has the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities and enterprise funds, subject to this same limitation. The City has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the governmentwide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's Proprietary Funds and the General Fund. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

When an expense is incurred for purposes for which both unrestricted and restricted net assets are available, it is the City's policy to first apply restricted resources.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or privileges provided, 2) operating grants and contributions, and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating expenses for enterprise funds include the costs of services, personnel costs, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

Deposits and investments:

The City's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand and short-term investments. Deposits include cash on hand and interest bearing checking accounts.

City administration is authorized to invest in those instruments authorized by the Florida Statutes. Investments include the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund. Investment in the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration is reported at its fair value of its position in the pool, which is the same as the value of the pool shares.

Receivables and payables:

Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as "due to/from other funds". Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Capital assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, and certain infrastructure assets (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$ 1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation. The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities is included as part of the capitalized value of the asset constructed.

Capital assets of the City are depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	25-50 years
Leasehold improvements	5-20 years
Improvements other than buildings	10-50 years
Fire equipment and vehicles	5-25 years
Furniture and equipment	5-10 years

Prepaids:

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

Compensated absences:

It is the City's policy to permit employees to accumulate earned but unused vacation and sick pay benefits. There is no liability for unpaid accumulated sick leave since the City does not have a policy to pay any amounts when employees separate from service with the government. All vacation pay is accrued when incurred in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations or retirements. The General Fund has typically been used to liquidate such amounts.

Unearned/deferred revenue:

Governmental funds report deferred revenue in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. Unearned revenues at the government-wide level arise only when the City receives resources before it has a legal claim to them.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Long-term obligations:

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net assets. Debt issuance costs and bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the debt. In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize the face amount of debt issued as another financing source. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuance are reported as other financing uses.

Fund balance:

During the year, the City adopted GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This statement requires that governmental fund financial statements present fund balances based on classifications that comprise a hierarchy that is based primarily on the extent to which the City is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which amounts in the respective governmental funds can be spent.

The classifications used in the governmental fund financial statements are as follows:

<u>Nonspendable</u>: This classification includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. "Not in spendable form" includes items that are not expected to be converted to cash (such as inventories and prepaid amounts) and items such as long-term amount of loans and notes receivable, as well as property acquired for resale. The corpus (or principal) of a permanent fund is an example of an amount that is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

<u>Restricted</u>: This classification includes amounts for which constraints have been placed on the use of the resources either (a) externally imposed by creditors (such as through a debt covenant), grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments, or (b) imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

<u>Committed</u>: This classification includes amounts that can be used only for specific purposes pursuant to constraints imposed by formal action of the City Commission. These amounts cannot be used for any other purpose unless the Commission removes or changes the specified use by taking the same type of action (ordinance or resolution) that was employed when the funds were initially committed. Resources accumulated pursuant to stabilization arrangements sometimes are reported in this category.

<u>Assigned</u>: This classification includes amounts that are constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose but are neither restricted nor committed. This intent can be expressed by the Commission or through the Commission delegating this responsibility to City management.

<u>Unassigned</u>: This classification includes the residual fund balance for the General Fund. This classification represents fund balance that has not been assigned to other funds and that has not been restricted, committed, or assigned to specific purposes within the General Fund. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those specific purposes.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds.

Net assets:

Net assets of the government-wide and proprietary funds are categorized as invested in capital assets, net of related debt; restricted or unrestricted. Invested in capital assets, net of related debt, is that portion of net assets that relates to the City's capital assets reduced by accumulated depreciation and by any outstanding debt incurred to acquire, construct or improve those assets, excluding unexpended proceeds. Restricted net assets is that portion of net assets that has been restricted for general use by external parties (creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments) or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Unrestricted net assets consist of all net assets that do not meet the definition of either of the other two components.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net assets are available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first.

Use of estimates:

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Although these estimates are based on management's knowledge of current events and actions it may undertake in the future, they may ultimately differ from actual results.

Allowance for doubtful accounts:

The City's contracted service provider processes receivables associated with emergency medical services (EMS). An allowance account of \$ 595,252 is established for EMS receivables based on historical collection rates.

Date of management review:

Subsequent events were evaluated through March 23, 2012, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

NOTE 2 – IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARD BOARD PRONOUNCEMENT AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND EQUITY

During 2011, the City implemented Governmental Accounting Standard Board (GASB) Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. GASB Statement No. 54 enhances the usefulness of fund balance information by providing clearer fund balance classification that can be more consistently applied and by clarifying the existing governmental fund type definitions. GASB 54 specifies that transferred-in resources do not provide the foundation of restricted or committed revenues required for a special revenue fund. Since the main source of revenue for the Vehicle Replacement Fund was transfers, the City was required to combine this fund with the General Fund.

NOTE 2 – IMPLEMENTATION OF NEW GOVERNMENTAL ACCOUNTING STANDARD BOARD PRONOUNCEMENT AND RESTATEMENT OF FUND EQUITY (continued)

The implementation of GASB Statement No. 54 had the following effect on fund balances of the General Fund and Vehicle Replacement Fund:

	_	General Fund	Vehicle Replacement
Fund balance at September 30, 2010	\$	5,108,952	\$ 1,372,475
GASB 54 change in fund structure	-	1,372,475	(1,372,475)
Restated fund balance at September 30, 2010	\$	6,481,427	\$ -

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Deposits:

In addition to insurance provided by the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation, deposits which consist of cash on hand and interest bearing checking accounts are held in banking institutions approved by the State Treasurer of the State of Florida to hold public funds. Under Florida Statutes Chapter 280, Florida Security for Public Deposits Act, the State Treasurer requires all Florida qualified public depositories to deposit with the Treasurer or another banking institution eligible collateral. In the event of a failure of a qualified public depository, the remaining public depositories would be responsible for covering any resulting losses. Therefore, all amounts presented as deposits are insured or collateralized.

Investments:

The City is authorized to invest in obligations of the United States Treasury, its agencies, instrumentalities and the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund administered by the State Board of Administration. The investments follow the investment rules defined in Florida Statutes Chapter 215. The investment policy defined in the statutes attempts to promote, through state assistance, the maximization of net investment earnings on invested surplus funds of local units of governments while limiting the risk to which the funds are exposed.

The City invests surplus funds in an external investment pool, the Local Government Surplus Funds Trust Fund (the "State Pool"). The State Pool is administered by the Florida State Board of Administration ("SBA"), who provides regulatory oversight. The SBA previously reported that the State Pool was exposed to potential risks due to indirect exposure in the sub-prime mortgage financial market. Consequently, the SBA placed some restrictions on how participants could access portions of their surplus funds and ultimately restructured the State Pool into two separate pools ("Florida PRIME" and "Fund B").

The Florida PRIME has adopted operating procedures consistent with the requirement for a 2a7-like fund. The City's investment in the Florida PRIME is reported at amortized cost. The fair value of the position in the pool is equal to the value of the pool shares.

The Fund B is reported at fair value, determined by the fair value per share of the pool's underlying portfolio.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

Investments – City:

As of September 30, 2011, the City had the following investments:

	Fair Value	Investment Maturities (In Years)
Florida PRIME Fund B	\$ 4,739 26,385	Less than 1 4-10
	\$ 31,124	

Interest rate risk:

The City has an investment policy of structuring the investment portfolio so that the securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity and investing operating funds primarily in short-term securities, money market mutual funds, or similar investment pools. The weighted average maturity of the securities held in Florida Prime is 38 days. The weighted average life of the securities held by Fund B is 4.82 years. However, because Fund B consists of restructured or defaulted securities, there is considerable uncertainty regarding the weighted average life.

Credit risk:

The City's investment policy limits investments to the highest ratings issued by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization (NRSRO). The Florida PRIME is rated AAAm by Standard and Poor's; the Fund B is not rated by an NRSRO.

Investments - Firefighters' Pension Plan:

The Firefighters' Pension Plan is part of the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Fund which is a trust established for the purpose of funding the individually designed employee pension plans of the participating Florida municipalities. FMIvT is an external investment pool open to eligible units of local governments to invest in one or more investment portfolios under the direct and daily supervision of an investment advisor. FMIvT is not subject to SEC or other regulatory oversight. The FMIvT Board of Trustees provides oversight. The fair value of the positions in the FMIvT portfolios is the same as the value of the portfolio shares. The Florida League of Cities, Inc. serves as Administrator for both the Fund and FMIvT.

The Board of Trustees adopted an investment policy authorizing investments in a variety of fixed income and domestic and international equity instruments. Among the types of instruments the Fund is authorized to invest in are: common stock, preferred and convertible preferred stocks, repurchase agreements, commingled governmental trusts, no-load investment funds, no-load mutual funds, FMIvT portfolios, obligations of the United States of America, its agencies and instrumentalities, corporate debt obligations, asset-backed securities and money market instruments and/or funds.

NOTE 3 - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

As of September 30, 2011, the City's Firefighters' Pension Plan (the "Plan") had the following investments:

FMIvT Broad Market High		
Quality Bond Fund	\$	1,237,736
FMIvT High Quality Growth Fund		201,024
FMIvT Diversified Small to Mid Cap		295,793
FMIvT Russell 1000 Enhanced Index		620,304
FMIvT International Blend		255,588
FMIvT Diversified Value	_	209,640
	\$	2,820,085

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk refers to the portfolio's exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. The FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund has an effective duration of 5.11 years and a weighted average maturity of 6.74 years.

Credit risk:

Credit risk exists when there is a possibility the issuer or other counterparty to an investment may be unable to fulfill its obligations. The FMIvT Broad Market High Quality Bond Fund is rated AA/V4 by Fitch. The other investments are not rated.

Concentration risk:

The FMIvT is a Local Government Investment Pool and therefore considered an external investment pool which is excluded from concentration risk disclosure requirements.

Foreign credit risk:

This category applies only if a government's deposits or investments are exposed to foreign currency risk. The Plan's investments in the FMIvT are not subject to foreign currency risk.

Risks and uncertainties:

The Plan invests in various investment securities. Investment securities are exposed to various risks such as interest rate, market, and credit risks. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in the values of investment securities will occur in the near term and that such changes could materially affect the amounts reported in the statement of plan net assets. The Plan, through its investment advisor, monitors the Plan's investment and the risks associated therewith on a regular basis which the Plan believes minimizes these risks.

Plan contributions are made and the actuarial present value of accumulated plan benefits are reported based on certain assumptions pertaining to interest rates, inflation rates and employee demographics, all of which are subject to change. Due to uncertainties inherent in the estimations and assumptions process, it is at least reasonably possible that changes in these estimates and assumptions in the near term would be material to the financial statements.

NOTE 4 - PROPERTY TAXES

Property values are assessed on a county-wide basis by the Monroe County Property Appraiser as of January 1, the lien date, of each year and are due the following November 1st (levy date). Taxable value of property within the City is certified by the Property Appraiser and the City levies a tax millage rate upon the taxable value, which will provide revenue required for the fiscal year beginning October 1.

Property taxes levied each November 1 by the City and all other taxing authorities within the County, are centrally billed and collected by Monroe County, with remittances to the City of their proportionate share of collected taxes. Taxes for the fiscal year beginning October 1 are billed in the month of November, subject to a 1% per month discount for the periods November through February, and are due no later than March 31. On April 1, unpaid amounts become delinquent with interest and penalties added thereafter. Beginning June 1, tax certificates representing delinquent taxes with interest and penalties are sold by the County, with remittance to the City for its share of those receipts. At September 30, 2011, there were no significant delinquent taxes.

NOTE 5 – RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Receivables for the City's individual major funds, nonmajor funds and fiduciary fund in the aggregate, including the applicable allowances for uncollectible accounts, are as follows:

	_	General		Capital Infrastructure		Street Maintenance	Affordable Housing		
Customers billed Intergovernmental Loans	\$	981,187 362,197	\$	- 299,648 -	\$	- 77,064 -	\$	- - 60,000	
Miscellaneous Contributions	-	37,753	_	-	_	-	-	-	
Gross receivables		1,381,137		299,648		77,064		60,000	
uncollectibles	-	(595,252)	_	-	_	-	-		
Net receivables	\$	785,885	\$	299,648	\$	77,064	\$	60,000	

	-	Wastewater	Stormwater		Marina	-	Pension Trust Fund	_	Total
Customers billed	\$	158,381	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,139,568
Intergovernmental		33,706	4,088		43,139		-		819,842
Loans		-	-		-		-		60,000
Miscellaneous		-	-		-		-		37,753
Contributions	-	-	-	_	-		174,643	_	174,643
Gross receivables		192,087	4,088		43,139		174,643		2,231,806
Less allowance for uncollectibles			-	_	_	-		_	(595,252)
Net receivables	\$	192,087	\$ 4,088	\$	43,139	\$	174,643	\$	1,636,554

NOTE 5 - RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES (continued)

Receivables consist of the following:

Receivables (including pension	
trust fund)	\$ 816,712
Due from other governments	819,842
Net total receivables	\$ 1,636,554

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities for the City's individual major and nonmajor fund are as follows:

	-	General	<u> </u>	Capital infrastructure		Street Maintenance		Wastewater		Stormwater	_	Marina (Nonmajor Fund)	_	Total
Vendors	\$	314,183	\$	64,134	\$	3,270	\$	520,857	\$	20,070	\$	51,884	\$	974,398
Payroll liabilities		189,659		-		4,683		5,011		2,883		8,127		210,363
Settlement		2,000,000		-		-		-		-		-		2,000,000
Retainage		-		43,934		358,481		2,127,446		763,593		-		3,293,454
Accrued interest		-	_	-	_	-	_	82,750	_	-	_	-	_	82,750
Total	\$	2,503,842	\$	108,068	\$	366,434	\$	2,736,064	\$	786,546	\$	60,011	\$	6,560,965

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund transfers is as follows:

	Transfer In									
Transfer Out		General Fund		Capital Infrastructure Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds		Stormwater Fund		Total
General Fund Capital	\$	-	\$	651,914	\$	-	\$	-	\$	651,914
Infrastructure Fund		685,665		-		1,007,206		650,000		2,342,871
Street Maintenance Fund		9,974								9,974
Nonmajor										
Governmental Funds		-		110,000		-		-		110,000
Marina Fund		52,700		-		-		-		52,700
Stormwater Fund		76,816		-		-		-		76,816
Wastewater Fund	_	213,781	-	-	-	-	_	-	-	213,781
Total	\$	1,038,936	\$	761,914	\$	1,007,206	\$	650,000	\$	3,458,056

A transfer from the Capital Infrastructure Fund to the General Fund was made in accordance with the 10% exception under Florida Statutes allowing the use of Local Government Infrastructure Surtax proceeds and accrued interest for any public purpose.

Transfers were made from the Marina, Wastewater and Stormwater Utility Enterprise Funds to the General Fund to support general project administration costs.

Transfers totaling \$ 500,231 were made from the Capital Infrastructure, Street Maintenance and Enterprise Funds to the General Fund in order to set aside funds for the purchase of new City vehicles.

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND BALANCES AND TRANSFERS (continued)

Transfers totaling \$ 110,000 were made from the Impact Fee Fund to the Capital Infrastructure Fund in order to use impact fees for their specified capital purpose.

A transfer of \$ 650,000 was made from the Capital Infrastructure Fund to the Stormwater Enterprise Fund to support stormwater projects.

A transfer of \$ 1,007,206 was made from the Capital Infrastructure Fund to the Debt Service Fund in order to satisfy debt service requirements.

At September 30, 2011, the Stormwater Fund owes the Wastewater Fund \$ 734,608. This temporary borrowing has been paid back during the following fiscal year.

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital asset activity for the year ended September 30, 2011 was as follows:

		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases	Ending Balance		
Governmental activities:	_								
Capital assets not									
being depreciated:									
Land	\$	8,930,788	\$	-	\$	-	\$	8,930,788	
Intangibles		3,822		7,600		-		11,422	
Construction-in-progress	_	1,264,917		288,688		1,014,298		539,307	
Total capital assets									
not being depreciated	_	10,199,527		296,288		1,014,298		9,481,517	
Capital assets being depreciated:									
Buildings		12,583,664		12,155		-		12,595,819	
Leasehold Improvements Improvements other		58,235		-		-		58,235	
than buildings		10,898,156		1,867,150		-		12,765,306	
Fire equipment and vehicles		2,643,917		728,894		550,000		2,822,811	
Furniture and equipment	_	1,873,254		217,023		-		2,090,277	
Total capital assets									
being depreciated	_	28,057,226		2,825,222		550,000		30,332,448	
Total capital assets	_	38,256,753		3,121,510		1,564,298		39,813,965	
Less accumulated depreciation:									
Buildings		1,347,570		358,054		-		1,705,624	
Leasehold Improvements Improvements other		24,557		3,584		-		28,141	
than buildings		2,343,382		734,473		-		3,077,855	
Fire equipment and vehicles		1,013,678		235,708		292,824		956,562	
Furniture and equipment		891,878		181,617	_	-	_	1,073,495	
Total accumulated									
depreciation	_	5,621,065	_	1,513,436		292,824		6,841,677	
Total capital assets									
being depreciated, net		22,436,161		1,311,786		257,176		23,490,771	
Governmental activities capital	_				_				
assets, net	\$	32,635,688	\$	1,608,074	\$	1,271,474	\$	32,972,288	

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Depreciation was charged to functions/programs of the City as follows:

Governme General Public sa Commun Commun	\$	75,894 397,378 1,003,287 36,877	3					
Tota gove	\$ _	1,513,436	<u>)</u>					
		Beginning Balance		Increases	_	Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type activities: Capital assets not being depreciated:								
Land Intangibles Construction-in-progress	\$	2,667,687 720,399 38,997,591	\$	290,170 893,346 16,180,189	\$	- - -	\$	2,957,857 1,613,745 55,177,780
Total capital assets not being depreciated	_	42,385,677	_	17,363,705	_			59,749,382
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Improvements other		15,998,162		49,860		-		16,048,022
than buildings Equipment Vehicles		41,292,774 868,626 508,715		384,509 13,290 11,662		- - -		41,677,283 881,916 520,377
Total capital assets being depreciated	_	58,668,277		459,321	_	-		59,127,598
Total capital assets	_	101,053,954	_	17,823,026	_	-		118,876,980
Less accumulated depreciation: Buildings Improvements other		781,373		756,446		-		1,537,819
than buildings Equipment Vehicles		732,530 98,933 96,329		1,042,708 61,777 42,023	_	- - -		1,775,238 160,710 138,352
Total accumulated depreciation	_	1,709,165		1,902,954	_			3,612,119
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net	_	56,959,112		(1,443,633)	_			55,515,479
Business activities capital assets, net	\$	99,344,789	\$	15,920,072	\$_		\$	115,264,861

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

Business-type activities:		
Enterprise - Wastewater	\$	1,444,291
Enterprise - Stormwater		334,502
Enterprise - Marina	_	124,161
Total provision for depreciation -		
business-type activities	\$	1,902,954

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the City for governmental activities for the year ended September 30, 2011:

		Balance October 1, 2010	_	Increases	_	Decreases	S	Balance eptember 30, 2011	_	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Bonds payable: Series 2004	\$	6,481,481	\$	-	\$	740,741	\$	5,740,740	\$	740,740
Compensated absences payable	-	159,757	-	48,144	_	23,889	-	184,012	-	15,976
Governmental activities, long-term debt	\$	6,641,238	\$_	48,144	\$	764,630	\$	5,924,752	\$	756,716

Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2004:

The City previously issued \$ 10,000,000 of Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 to finance the cost of acquisition and construction of certain capital projects under the City's capital infrastructure plan, as well as pay off an existing loan. Principal and interest are payable quarterly. The Bonds bear interest at 4.30% and are secured and payable from the local government one-cent sales tax revenues (local discretionary sales surtax). At September 30, 2011, the outstanding principal balance on the bonds was \$ 5,740,740.

Annual debt service requirements of the Public Improvement Revenue Bonds, Series 2004 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2012	\$	740,740	\$	234,907	\$	975,647
2013		740,740		203,056		943,796
2014		740,740		171,204		911,944
2015		740,740		139,352		880,092
2016		740,740		107,500		848,240
2017-2019		2,037,040	_	131,395	_	2,168,435
	\$	5,740,740	\$	987,414	\$_	6,728,154

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

The following is a summary of changes in long-term liabilities of the City's business-type activities for the year ended September 30, 2011:

	-	Balance October 1, 2010	_	Increases	_	Decreases	2	Balance September 30, 2011	_	Due Within One Year
Business-type activities: Bonds payable:										
Series 2008	\$	10.000.000	\$	_	\$	-	\$	10.000.000	\$	10,000,000
Series 2009	Ŧ	30,000,000	+	-	+	193,620	+	29,806,380	Ŧ	1,169,620
State Revolving Fund										
Loan Program		24,171,550		17,070,163		1,812,101		39,429,612		87,755
Compensated absences										
payable	-	15,937	-	5,372	_	6,054	-	15,255	_	1,594
Business-type activities,										
long-term debt	\$	64,187,487	\$	17,075,535	\$	2,011,775	\$	79,251,247	\$	11,258,969

State Revolving Fund Loans:

As of September 30, 2011, the City has entered into seven revolving loan agreements with the State of Florida Department of Environmental Protection Clean Water State Revolving Fund Loan program to finance its wastewater and stormwater utility capital projects. The loans are collateralized by a pledge of the wastewater and stormwater non-ad valorem assessments. It is estimated that 100% of the pledged revenue will cover debt service to maturity. Through September 30, 2011, the City has borrowed a total of \$ 39,429,612 under these agreements. As of September 30, 2011, repayments have begun on all loan agreements except for WW637060, which is currently scheduled for repayment beginning in September 2012. The breakdown as of September 30, 2011 of the total amounts authorized, the fixed weighted average interest rates, the repayment start dates, the estimated semi-annual payment amount and the amounts drawn to date on each loan is as follows:

SRF Loan Agreement	Total Loan Authorized Amount	Interest Rate	Semi-Annual Payment Amount	Total Obligation September 30, 2011
WW 63702P *	\$ 31,308,211	2.25-2.54%	\$ 1,014,626	\$ 23,129,640
WW 637090 *	10,000,000	2.66%	330,459	7,225,873
WW 637060*	16,918,808	2.37-2.73%	560,407	6,957,414
WW 63705P	848,654	2.46%	29,602	897,046
SW 637070	519,195	2.37%	17,447	545,066
SW 63703P	395,302	2.46%	13,555	410,768
SW 63704P	253,923	2.46%	8,705	263,805
Total	\$ 60,244,093		\$ 1,974,801	\$ 39,429,612

*The amounts of the semiannual payments for each loan will be calculated based on the actual amount of the principal drawn under the agreement, as well as associated capitalized interest and loan service fees. These amounts will not be determined until project completion; therefore, amortization schedules will not be finalized for these loan agreements until project completion.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Annual debt service requirements of the State Revolving Fund loans that have reached project completion and amortization schedules are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	 Principal	Interest			
2012	\$ 87,755	\$	50,865		
2013	89,907		48,713		
2014	92,112		46,508		
2016	94,370		44,250		
2016	96,686		41,935		
2017-2021	520,170		172,929		
2022-2026	587,156		105,944		
2027-2030	548,529		35,818		
	\$ 2,116,685	\$	546,962		

Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008:

The City previously issued Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008, for an amount of \$ 10,000,000 for the financing of the wastewater system capital construction. The bonds bear interest at a rate of 3.31% and mature on January 1, 2012. There are no principal payments due during the life of the bond. The bonds are collateralized by a pledge of proceeds of the permanent financing to be provided by the State Revolving Fund Loan program.

Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009:

The City previously issued \$ 30,000,000 of Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 to finance a portion of wastewater and stormwater utility systems capital construction. The bonds bear interest at the London Interbank Offer Rate (LIBOR) plus 2.01% or 2.135%, whichever is greater. Interest only payments are due monthly through July 2011 with monthly principal and interest payments due thereafter through June 2019. A final principal payment of \$ 19,394,880 is due in July 2019. The bond is secured by and payable from the net revenues of the City's wastewater and stormwater utility systems plus wastewater and stormwater special assessments. Additionally, the bond is secured by the City's infrastructure sales surtax and a covenant to budget and appropriate from all legally available non ad-valorem revenues of the City. The bond indenture contains certain restrictive covenants. As of September 30, 2011, the City is in compliance with those covenants. The outstanding balance at September 30, 2011 is \$ 29,806,380.

NOTE 8 - LONG-TERM DEBT (continued)

Annual debt service requirements of the Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008 and the Utility System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009 are as follows:

Year Ending September 30,	-	Principal	Interest
2012	\$	11,169,620	\$ 658,656
2013		1,217,320	631,850
2014		1,266,880	603,953
2015		1,318,560	574,918
2016		1,372,220	544,700
2017-2019	_	23,461,780	1,368,232
	\$	39,806,380	\$ 4,382,309

NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Risk management:

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City purchases commercial insurance. There was no reduction in insurance coverage from coverages in the prior year. During the year, the City settled a lawsuit for \$ 3,000,000. The amount of insurance available to cover this settlement was \$ 1,000,000. There were no other settlements that exceeded insurance coverage for each of the past three years.

Litigation:

The City is a defendant in various lawsuits including personal injury, property damage, and other miscellaneous claims. For one of these cases, where there is a reasonable possibility that a loss has been incurred, the City estimates its possible exposure could be between \$ 1,000,000 and \$ 2,000,000. Due to the uncertainty of the outcome, no liability has been recorded in the financial statements for this case. The remainder of the legal proceedings are incidental to the City's operations, the outcome of which, in the opinion of management and legal counsel, would not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

Grant contingency:

Amounts received or receivable from grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government and the State of Florida. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 9 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (continued)

Construction commitment:

At September 30, 2011, the City had outstanding construction contract commitments of the governmental and enterprise funds consisting of the following:

Project		Total Project Authorization		Expended at September 30, 2011	_	Contracts and Retainage Payable	_	Balance to Complete
Service Area 7 Wastewater/								
Stormwater	\$	5,981,181	\$	3,426,087	\$	504,553	\$	2,050,541
Service Area 3 Wastewater/								
Stormwater		4,547,111		1,411,479		210,071		2,925,561
Service Area 5 Wastewater/								
Stormwater		24,952,378		23,420,513		596,792		935,073
Service Area 4 and 6								
Wastewater/Stormwater		31,271,571		29,088,922		1,856,740		325,909
Service Area 1 and 3								
Stormwater		2,307,678		2,226,366		45,436		35,876
Service Area 3 -								
Little Venice	-	2,972,646	-	1,479,127	-	164,347	-	1,329,172
	\$	72,032,565	\$	61,052,494	\$	3,377,939	\$	7,602,132

Agreement for Police Services:

The City previously entered into a contract with Monroe County Sheriff's Office (the "Sheriff") to provide professional police services through September 2012. Pursuant to the agreement, the Sheriff will provide law enforcement coverage within the City. Services for the fiscal year ending September 30, 2012 are budgeted to be approximately \$ 1,430,000. Costs for police services for the year ended September 30, 2011 were \$ 1,314,499.

NOTE 10 - DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City as a single-employer contributes to the City of Marathon Money Purchase Plan, which is a defined contribution plan created in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) which is administered by ICMA. Under the Plan, the City contributes 10% for all full-time employees. Normal retirement is defined as age 57-1/2. The employees are not required to make contributions and are fully vested on their first day of employment. Employer contributions for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011 were \$ 174,241. Amendments to the Plan must be authorized by the City Council.

NOTE 11 - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN

Plan description:

The City established The City of Marathon Firefighters' Pension Plan and Trust Fund (the Plan) as a Local Law Plan in accordance with Chapter 175, Florida Statutes on October 1, 2005 as per a City adopted ordinance. The Plan is a single-employer, defined benefit plan that covers all full-time firefighters. This replaces the previous Firefighters Pension Fund first created on December 9, 2003 and is treated as a newly created plan from an actuarial standpoint. From a financial statement perspective, the ending net assets of the old plan became the beginning net assets of the new Plan on October 1, 2005. The administrative duties for this Fund are handled through the Florida Municipal Pension Trust Retirement Services. A more detailed description of the Plan appears in the ordinances constituting the Plan and in the Summary Plan Description. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report, but is included in the reporting entity of the City as a pension trust fund. Amendments to the plan document can only be authorized by the City Council.

At October 1, 2010 (date of the latest actuarial valuation), the Plan's membership consisted of two deferred vested participants who are solely entitled to a refund of their employee contributions. Additionally, there were twenty-three active participants.

Basis of accounting:

The financial statements of the Plan are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Employer contributions are recognized when due and the employer has made a formal commitment to provide the contributions. Benefits and refunds are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the terms of the Plan. Administrative costs of the Plan are financed through investment earnings.

Method used to value investments:

Investments are reported at fair value. Securities traded on a national exchange are valued at the last reported sales price. Net appreciation/depreciation in fair value of investments includes realized and unrealized gains and losses. Interest and dividends are reported in investment earnings. Realized gains and losses are determined on the basis of specific cost. Purchases and sales are recorded on the trade-date basis.

Contributions and funding policy:

Firefighters are required to contribute 5% of their salary to the Plan. Contributions from the State of Florida are based on the amount of fire insurance premiums written by private insurers on property within City limits. The City is required to contribute if there is any shortfall between the State's contributions and funding requirements of the Plan.

The Plan's funding policy provides for actuarially determined periodic employer contributions sufficient to pay the benefits provided by the Plan when they become due. The actuarial cost method used for determining the contribution requirements of the Plan is the aggregate actuarial cost method. The aggregate actuarial cost method does not identify or separately amortize unfunded actuarial accrued liabilities. In accordance with Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 25, when the aggregate actuarial cost method is used, a schedule of funding progress is not required, however, in accordance with GASB 50, a schedule of funding progress is required using a valuation method other than the aggregate method.

NOTE 11 - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN (continued)

The required contribution including interest to the Plan as determined by the actuarial valuation was \$550,833 for the year ended September 30, 2011. Contributions from the State totaled \$163,117 which was complemented by City contributions of \$387,716. State contributions are recognized as both revenue and expenditure during the period in the General Fund.

Pension benefits:

Normal retirement is defined by the plan as the attainment of age 55 with 6 years of credited service or 20 years of credited service with no age requirement. Upon normal retirement, participants are entitled to 3.5% of their average final compensation for each year of credited service. Benefit options include a ten year certain payout or a life annuity. Early retirement is defined by the plan as the attainment of age 50 with 6 years of credited service. Upon early retirement, accrued benefits are reduced by 3% per year.

Annual pension cost and net pension obligation:

The City's annual pension cost and net pension obligation (asset) of the Plan for the current year were as follows:

Annual required contribution	\$ 550,833
Interest on net pension obligation	-
Adjustment to annual	
required contribution	-
Annual pension cost	 550,833
Contributions made	550,833
Change in net pension obligation	 -
Net pension obligation	
at beginning of year	 -
Net pension obligation at end of year	\$ -

	Trend Inf			
	 Annual	Percentage		Net
	Pension	of		Pension
Fiscal	Cost	APC		(Asset)
Year Ending	 (APC)	Contributed		Obligation
			_	
9/30/2009	\$ 391,751	100%	\$	-
9/30/2010	\$ 514,735	100%	\$	-
9/30/2011	\$ 550,833	100%	\$	-

NOTE 11 - FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION PLAN (continued)

Funded status and funding progress:

The funded status of the plan as of October 1, 2010, is as follows.

Actuarial Valuation Date	_	Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	_	Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	۱ 	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)]	unded Ratio a÷b)	_	Covered Payroll (c)	of I	ercentage Covered Payroll b-a)÷c)
October 1, 2010*	\$	2,248,488	\$	2,357,649	\$	109,161		95.37%	\$	1,378,189		7.92%

*Actuarial accrued liability is calculated using the entry age normal cost method.

The Schedule of Funding Progress, presented as required supplementary information (RSI) following the notes to the basic financial statements, presents trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets are increasing or decreasing over time relative to the AAL for benefits.

Additional information as of the latest actuarial valuation follows:

Valuation date	10/1/10
Actuarial cost method	Aggregate
Amortization method	Level dollar open
Remaining amortization period	30 years
Asset valuation method	5-yr smoothed
	market value
Actuarial assumptions:	
Discount rate	7.50%
Projected salary increases	5.00%

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

GASB Statement No. 45; Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions ("OPEB"), established new accounting standards for post-retirement benefits. The new standard does not require funding of OPEB expense, but any difference between the annual required contribution ("ARC") and the amount funded during the year is required to be recorded in the employer's Statement of Net Assets as an increase (or decrease) in the OPEB obligation.

Plan Description and Funding Policy:

Employees who retire from the City and their dependents are eligible to continue to participate ("single employer plan") in the City's health insurance plan currently offered through the City at the "blended" employee group rate which, is determined annually by the City. The retiree must continue to meet all participation requirements and pay all applicable premiums by the specified due date. As of September 30, 2011, there are no participating retirees in the group health program.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (continued)

The City provides no funding for any portion of the premiums after retirement. However, the City recognizes that there is an "implicit subsidy" arising as a result of the blended rate premium since retiree health care costs, on average are higher than active employee healthcare costs. The plan is not accounted for as a trust fund and an irrevocable trust has not been established to fund this plan. The plan does not issue a separate financial report. It is the City's current policy to fund the plan on a "pay-as-you-go" basis from the General Fund.

Funded Status:

The funded status of the Plan as of September 30, 2011 was as follows:

Development of Annual Required Contribution (ARC)									
Actuarial accr Actuarial valu		~			\$ \$	257,000			
Total ARC fo September 30	•	vear	\$	96,000					
Employer con	tributior	18		(5,000)					
Increase in ne		obligation		91,000					
Net OPEB ob October 1, 20	-			89,000					
Net OPEB ob September 30	0		180,000						
Covered payr	oll				\$	2,943,000			
Unfunded actuliability as a									
covered payr	-	6				8.7%			
		Trend I	nforn	nation					
				Percentage					
		Annual		of		Net			
Fiscal		OPEB		APC		OPEB			
Year Ending	_	Cost		Contributed		Obligation			
			•		-				
9/30/2010	\$	94,000		5.0%	\$	89,000			
9/30/2011	\$	96,000		5.5%	\$	180,000			

Actuarial valuations involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events in the future. Amounts determined regarding the status of the plan and the annual required contributions of the City are subject to continual revision as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress, which is presented as required supplementary information following the notes to the financial statements, highlights multi-year trend information that shows whether the actuarial value of the plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial liabilities for benefits.

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS (continued)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions:

Projections of benefits are based on the substantive plan and include the types of benefits in force at the time of valuation date and the pattern of sharing benefits between the City and the plan members at that point. Actuarial calculations reflect a long-term perspective and employ methods and assumptions that are designed to reduce the short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets. Significant methods and assumptions used for the valuation are as follows:

Measurement date	October 1, 2010
Actuarial cost method	Projected unit credit
Amortization method	Level-dollar payment
Amortization period	10-year open period
Actuarial assumptions:	
Investment rate of return	4.00%
Inflation rate	2.75%
Healthcare cost trend rate:	
Select rates	10.00% for 2010/11 graded to 6.00% for 2018/19
Ultimate rate	5.00% per annum

NOTE 13 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

On March 13, 2012, the City Council approved a collective bargaining agreement between the City of Marathon and the professional firefighters of Marathon, International Association of Firefighters Local 4396. The agreement is effective through December 31, 2014 and shall be renewed on an annual basis thereafter, unless either party provides the other written notice of its intent to terminate or modify the agreement not less than ninety days prior to expiration date.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

_	Original Budget		Final Budget	_	Actual Amounts	_	Variance
REVENUES:				-		_	
Property taxes \$	3,553,369	\$	3,582,233	\$	3,580,301	\$	(1,932)
Intergovernmental	1,797,294		1,848,127		1,854,322		6,195
Licenses and permits	725,200		632,058		631,917		(141)
Charges for services	976,740		877,977		897,555		19,578
Fines and forfeitures	77,300		126,002		122,385		(3,617)
Communications services taxes	602,631		562,218		562,218		-
Interest	100,000		48,649		51,514		2,865
Miscellaneous	36,000	_	75,705	-	76,206	_	501
Total revenues	7,868,534		7,752,969	-	7,776,418	_	23,449
EXPENDITURES:							
Current:							
General government:							
Elected officials	476,673		476,673		474,509		2,164
Administration	1,693,359		1,616,721		1,589,356		27,365
City attorney	395,000	_	2,635,000	-	2,685,397	_	(50,397)
Total general government	2,565,032	_	4,728,394	-	4,749,262	-	(20,868)
Public safety:							
Police	1,478,573		1,388,573		1,314,499		74,074
Fire/EMS	2,647,758		2,807,758	-	2,800,368	_	7,390
Total public safety	4,126,331	_	4,196,331	-	4,114,867	_	81,464
Community services:							
Public works	106,911		98,930		91,931		6,999
Parks and recreation	1,021,269		966,101		956,103		9,998
Bridges	48,104		48,104	-	42,066	_	6,038
Total community services	1,176,284		1,113,135	-	1,090,100	_	23,035
Community development	892,529	_	860,565		820,110	-	40,455
Total expenditures	8,760,176	_	10,898,425	-	10,774,339	_	124,086
Excess (deficiency) of							
revenues over expenditures	(891,642)		(3,145,456)	-	(2,997,921)	_	147,535
OTHER FINANCING							
SOURCES (USES):							
Transfers in	538,705		538,705		538,705		-
Transfers out	(10,019)		(10,019)		(10,019)		-
Appropriation of prior year's							
fund balance	362,956	_	2,616,770	-	-	_	(2,616,770)
Total other financing							
sources (uses)	891,642		3,145,456		528,686		(2,616,770)
Net change in fund balance \$		\$		۲	(2,469,235)	\$	(2,469,235)
	-	ф =		φ	(2,709,233)	φ =	(2,709,233)

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION BUDGETARY COMPARISION SCHEDULE - GENERAL FUND (CONTINUED) For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

EXPLANATION OF DIFFERENCES BETWEEN CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET TO ACTUAL AND STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - GENERAL FUND		
Net change in fund balance, Page 51	\$	(2,469,235)
Amounts reported for budget to actual are different because:		
The net change in fund balance in the City's Vehicle Replacement Fund are reported in the Vehicle Replacement Fund for budgetary purposes but in the General Fund for the purpose of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds:		
Net change in fund balance - Vehicle Replacement Fund	-	(125,398)
General Fund net change in fund balance per the Statement of Revenues Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances - Governmental Funds, Page 20	\$	(2,594,633)

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE CAPITAL INFRASTRUCTURE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual Amounts	Variance
REVENUES: Intergovernmental \$ Interest Miscellaneous Total revenues	4,265,303 52,833 200,000 4,518,136	4,265,303 52,833 200,000 4,518,136	\$ 3,271,462 16,484 401,382 3,689,328	\$ (993,841) (36,349) 201,382 (828,808)
EXPENDITURES: Capital outlay	3,397,273	3,397,273	1,937,853	1,459,420
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures	1,120,863	1,120,863	1,751,475	630,612
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Sale of capital asset Transfers in Transfers out		836,914 (2,343,165)	30,000 761,914 (2,342,871)	30,000 (75,000) 294
Appropriation of prior year's fund balance Total other financing	1,037,302	385,388		(385,388)
sources (uses) Net change in fund balan(\$	(1,120,863)	(1,120,863) \$	(1,550,957) \$ 200,518	(430,094) \$ 200,518

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE STREET MAINTENANCE FUND For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		Original and Final Budget	-	Actual Amounts	_	Variance
REVENUES:						
Intergovernmental	\$	678,478	\$	1,303,349	\$	624,871
Special assessments Interest		7,690 20,000		12,461 15,246		4,771 (4,754)
Miscellaneous		-		-		-
Total revenues		706,168	-	1,331,056	_	624,888
	•	<u>, </u>	-	, , ,		,
EXPENDITURES: Current:						
Community services		413,056		287,423		125,633
Capital outlay		1,060,813	-	717,277		343,536
Total expenditures		1,473,869	-	1,004,700	_	469,169
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures		(767,701)	-	326,356	_	1,094,057
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers out		(84,974)		(9,974)		75,000
Appropriation of prior year's fund balance		852,675	-	-	_	(852,675)
Total other financing sources (uses)		767,701	-	(9,974)	_	(777,675)
Net change in fund balance	\$	-	\$	316,382	\$ _	316,382

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA NOTE TO BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES September 30, 2011

NOTE 1 - BUDGETS AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

An annual appropriated budget is adopted for the General Fund (a major fund), the Capital Infrastructure Fund and the Street Maintenance Fund (major special revenue funds), two of the nonmajor special revenue funds and the Debt Service Fund on a basis consistent with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements.

- a. Annually, the City Manager submits to the City Council a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing the following October 1st. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them.
- b. Public hearings are conducted to obtain taxpayer comments.
- c. Prior to October 1st, the budget is legally enacted through passage of a resolution.
- d. The City Council, by motion, may make supplemental appropriations for the year up to the amount of revenues in excess of those estimated.
- e. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budget amounts within the departments within any fund. However, any revisions that alter the total appropriations of any department must be approved by the City Council. Therefore, the legal level of control is at the department level.
- f. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year for all budgeted funds. The final budget included an amendment by City Council to increase expenditures in the General Fund by \$ 2,138,249. Additionally, anticipated revenues were decreased by \$ 115,565.
- g. Expenditures exceeded appropriations by \$ 50,397 at the City Attorney Department in the General Fund. These over-expenditures were funded by available fund balance.
- h. Appropriations which are neither expended nor specifically designated to be carried over, lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS* FIREFIGHTERS' PENSION TRUST FUND

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	-	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	_	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a÷b)	 Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)÷c)
October 1, 2005	\$ 342,824	\$	342,824	\$	-	100.0%	\$ 748,200	0.0%
October 1, 2006	\$ 660,131	\$	660,131	\$	-	100.0%	\$ 744,145	0.0%
October 1, 2008	\$ 1,249,350	\$	1,084,546	\$	-	115.0%	\$ 1,056,666	0.0%
October 1, 2010	\$ 2,248,488	\$	2,357,649	\$	109,161	95.37%	\$ 1,378,189	7.92%

*Actuarial accrued liability is calculated using the entry age normal cost method.

Note: This schedule of funding progress was prepared in accordance with the requirements of GASB 50 for plans that use the aggregate normal cost method. The schedule was prepared using the entry age normal cost method. The Plan did not prepare an actuarial valuation dated October 1, 2007, 2009 or 2011.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION (UNAUDITED) SCHEDULE OF FUNDING PROGRESS OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT HEALTH CARE BENEFITS

Actuarial Valuation Date	 Actuarial Value of Assets (a)	_	Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) (b)	_	Unfunded AAL (UAAL) (b-a)	Funded Ratio (a÷b)	Covered Payroll (c)	UAAL as a Percentage of Covered Payroll ((b-a)÷c)
October 1, 2010	\$ -	\$	257,000	\$	257,000	0.0%	\$ 2,943,000	8.7%

COMBINING STATEMENTS

NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Special Revenue Funds

Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for particular purposes.

Impact Fees Fund – This fund is used to account for transportation, parks and public safety projects. Revenues are derived from impact fees collected during the building permit process.

Affordable Housing Fund – This fund is used to purchase land or homes to be used for affordable housing. These funds are also available to provide down payment assistance to qualified homebuyers.

Restoration Fund – This fund is used for restoration and management activities of public resource protection and conservation lands.

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund – This fund is used to account for the payment of principal, interest and expenditures on the long-term debt of the governmental funds.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS September 30, 2011

		S	Specia	l Revenue Fi				Total	
	_	Impact Fees Fund		Affordable Housing Fund	R	estoration Fund	 Debt Service Fund		Nonmajor overnmental Funds
ASSETS: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Total assets	\$ 	261,011 - 261,011	\$ 	77,379 60,000 137,379	\$ 	99,487 - 99,487	\$ 	\$ 	437,877 60,000 497,877
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES: Due to other governments	\$	190	\$		\$		\$ 	\$	190
COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES (NOTE 9)		-		-		-	-		-
Fund balances: Committed for: Infrastructure improvements Affordable housing Restoration projects	_	260,821		137,379		- - 99,487	 - - -	_	260,821 137,379 99,487
Total fund balances		260,821		137,379		99,487	 _		497,687
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$	261,011	\$	137,379	\$	99,487	\$ _	\$	497,877

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

		S	pecia	al Revenue Fi					Total	
		Impact Fees Fund		Affordable Housing Fund]	Restoration Fund		Debt Service Fund	G	Nonmajor overnmental Funds
REVENUES:			_				-		_	
Licenses and permits	\$	-	\$	-	\$	982	\$	-	\$	982
Impact fees		100,609		-		-		-		100,609
Interest Miscellaneous		2,770 87		665		982		-		4,417 87
Miscenaneous	_	0/	-	-		-	-		-	
Total revenues	_	103,466	_	665	_	1,964	-	-	_	106,095
EXPENDITURES:										
Debt service:										
Principal		-		-		-		740,741		740,741
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-	_	-	_	-	-	266,465	_	266,465
Total expenditures		-	_			-	-	1,007,206	_	1,007,206
Excess (deficiency)										
of revenues										
over expenditures	_	103,466	_	665	_	1,964	-	(1,007,206)	_	(901,111)
OTHER FINANCING										
SOURCES (USES):										
Transfers in Transfers out		-		-		-		1,007,206		1,007,206
Transfers out		(110,000)		-		-	-		_	(110,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(110,000)	_	_		_	_	1,007,206		897,206
NT / 1										
Net change in fund balances		(6 524)		665		1.064				(2, 0.05)
Tund balances		(6,534)		005		1,964		-		(3,905)
FUND BALANCES, beginning	_	267,355	_	136,714		97,523	-		_	501,592
FUND BALANCES, ending	\$	260,821	\$_	137,379	\$	99,487	\$_	_	\$_	497,687

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES -NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

						Special
				Impact Fees		
	_	Original and Final Budget		Actual		Variance
REVENUES:		Duuget		Actual	_	variance
Impact fees	\$	89,600	\$	100,609	\$	11,009
Interest	Ŷ	5,300	Ψ	2,770	Ψ	(2,530)
Miscellaneous	_	-		87		87
Total revenues	_	94,900		103,466		8,566
EXPENDITURES:						
Debt service:						
Principal		-		-		-
Interest and fiscal charges	_	-		-	_	
Total expenditures	_	-	_	-	_	
Excess (deficiency)						
of revenues						
over expenditures	_	94,900		103,466	_	8,566
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):						
Transfers in		-		-		-
Transfers out Appropriation of prior		(110,000)		(110,000)		-
years' fund balance	_	15,100			_	(15,100)
Total other financing						
sources (uses)	_	(94,900)		(110,000)	_	(15,100)
Net change in						
fund balances	\$ _	-	\$ _	(6,534)	\$ _	(6,534)

Note: Budgetary comparison schedules are prepared and presented for the nonmajor special revenue governmental funds above. The City does not prepare budgets for the other nonmajor special revenue governmental funds, and therefore, budgetary comparison schedules are not presented.

Reve	enue Funds									
	Vehic Original and Final Budget	ele F	Replacement F	<u>fund</u>	Variance	Original and Final Budget	De	bt Service Fun Actual	nd	Variance
	Dudget	-	Actual		v al lance	Dudget	-	Actual	-	v al lance
\$	20,000	\$	16,266	\$	- (3,734) -	\$ - - -	\$	- - -	\$	- - -
-	20,000	-	16,266		(3,734)		-		-	
_		_	-		-	740,741 266,759	-	740,741 266,465	_	- 294
_	-	_	-			1,007,500	-	1,007,206	_	294
_		_				(1,007,500)	-	(1,007,206)	_	294
	510,250 (651,914)		510,250 (651,914)		-	1,007,500		1,007,206		(294)
_		_					-			
_	(141,664)	-	(141,664)	_		1,007,500	-	1,007,206	_	(294)
\$_	(121,664)	\$_	(125,398)	\$	(3,734)	\$ 	\$_		\$_	

STATISTICAL SECTION

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Marathon's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

CONTENTS	PAGE
Financial Trends These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	62-66
Revenue Capacity These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue source, the property tax.	67-70
Debt Capacity These schedules present information to help the reader asses the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	71-73
Demographic and Economic Information These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	74-75
Operating Information These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	76-78

Sources: Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA NET ASSETS BY COMPONENT LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fiscal Year														
	_	2004	_	2005	_	2006		2007	_	2008	_	2009		2010		2011
Governmental activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted	\$	14,255,597 4,373,475 4,024,147	\$	16,372,786 5,039,914 4,798,655	\$	15,638,541 7,324,824 5,650,368	\$	19,339,970 4,733,068 6,350,476	\$	20,098,109 8,026,767 7,012,204	\$	24,381,462 4,194,245 6,654,654	\$	26,154,207 3,374,364 5,705,740	\$	27,231,548 3,896,716 3,986,495
Total governmental activities net assets	-	22,653,219	_	26,211,355	_	28,613,733	-	30,423,514	-	35,137,080	-	35,230,361	_	35,234,311	_	35,114,759
Business-type activities: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)		790,069 - -		669,008 - (9,447)		5,094,011 		9,528,390 - (1,265,735)		18,060,264 - (4,279,528)		29,001,944 - 1,813,152		50,378,894 - (149,168)		43,132,708
Total business-type activities net assets	-	790,069	-	659,561	-	5,307,295	-	8,262,655	-	13,780,736	-	30,815,096	-	50,229,726	_	55,382,256
Total government: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted Unrestricted (deficit)	-	15,045,666 4,373,475 4,024,147	_	17,041,794 5,039,914 4,789,208	_	20,732,552 7,324,824 5,863,652	-	28,868,360 4,733,068 5,084,741	_	38,158,373 8,026,767 2,732,676	_	53,383,406 4,194,245 8,467,806	_	76,533,101 3,374,364 5,556,572	_	70,364,256 3,896,716 16,236,043
Total government net assets	\$	23,443,288	\$	26,870,916	\$	33,921,028	\$	38,686,169	\$	48,917,816	\$	66,045,457	\$	85,464,037	\$ _	90,497,015

Note: Data not available prior to fiscal 2004 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year															
	_	2004		2005		2006	_	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011
EXPENSES:																
Governmental activities:	¢	2 805 425	¢	2 927 452	¢	7 005 757	¢	2 867 001	¢	2 210 061	¢	2 510 957	¢	2 646 995	¢	2 020 610
General government Public safety	\$	2,805,425 2,832,115	\$	3,837,452 2,997,230	\$	7,905,757 4,737,074	\$	3,867,901 3,645,846	\$	3,319,061 4,069,335	\$	2,519,857 4,363,860	\$	3,646,885 4,580,076	\$	3,930,619 4,524,285
Community services		1,270,051		2,997,230		4,737,074 1,880,765		2,050,244		4,069,335 2,041,301		4,303,800 3,343,066		4,580,076 2,577,772		4,524,285 2,850,714
Community development		1,270,031		1,417,713		1,880,705		2,030,244 1,576,341		2,041,501		5,545,000 1,091,795		2,377,772 941,914		2,830,714 860,053
Interest on long-term debt		1,309,100		90,515		372,885		390,607		361,961		330,414		298,339		266,465
interest on long-term debt	_	14,001	-	90,515	-	572,885	-	390,007	-	501,901	-	550,414	-	290,339	-	200,405
Total governmental activities	_	8,231,558	_	9,708,788	-	16,232,457	_	11,530,939	-	11,187,352	_	11,648,992	-	12,044,986	_	12,432,136
Business-type activities:																
Wastewater		-		-		10,826		52,230		340,016		541,667		2,126,390		3,903,661
Marina		504,056		688,950		537,316		622,185		695,938		671,407		688,583		658,901
Stormwater	_	-	-	-	-	10,694	_	39,716	_	264,150	-	14,138	_	274,878	_	714,940
Total business-type activities		504,056	_	688,950	_	558,836	_	714,131	_	1,300,104	_	1,227,212	_	3,089,851	_	5,277,502
Total government expenses	\$	8,735,614	\$	10,397,738	\$	16,791,293	\$	12,245,070	\$	12,487,456	\$	12,876,204	\$	15,134,837	\$	17,709,638
PROGRAM REVENUES: Governmental activities: Charges for services:	=		=		=		=		=		=		=		-	
General government	\$	1,399,886	\$	1,354,431	\$	1,407,360	\$	1,391,936	\$	155,111	\$	155,056	\$	173,716	\$	195,765
Public safety		844,927		742,410		647,303		740,365		760,546		851,446		841,587		927,827
Community services		334,148		345,376		356,349		516,645		559,447		373,299		515,305		569,458
Community development		687,725		1,002,999		1,118,382		746,217		743,533		441,225		480,738		496,610
Operating grants and contributions		566,908		1,112,299		4,402,251		624,697		496,996		288,829		1,250,302		336,415
Capital grants and contributions	_	2,432,746	-	3,375,694	-	4,674,802	_	2,879,187	-	6,338,416	-	3,581,347	-	2,973,949	-	3,988,661
Total governmental activities																
program revenues		6,266,340	_	7,933,209	_	12,606,447	_	6,899,047	_	9,054,049	_	5,691,202	_	6,235,597	_	6,514,736
Business-type activities:																
Charges for services: Wastewater												524,084		1,015,725		2,266,214
Marina		263,165		310,057		354,332		457,657		615,247		638,575		671,330		643,428
Stormwater		205,105		510,057				457,057		015,247		058,575		071,550		043,428
Operating grants and contributions		-		45,076		39,272		53,595		55,646		93,172		52,421		16,921
Capital grants and contributions	_	-	_	23,360		2,002,836	_	2,627,827	_	5,202,199		16,213,258	_	20,000,850	_	6,754,484
Total business-type activities			_		_				-		_		_		_	
program revenues		-		378,493		2,396,440		3,139,079		5,873,092		17,469,089		21,740,326		9,681,047
Total program revenues	\$	6,266,340	\$	8,311,702	\$	15,002,887	\$	10,038,126	\$	14,927,141	\$	23,160,291	\$	27,975,923	\$	16,195,783
	-	<u> </u>	=	<u> </u>	=	· ·	=	· ·	=	· ·	=	· ·	=	<u> </u>	=	<u> </u>
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CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA CHANGES IN NET ASSETS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING) (continued)

	Fiscal Year														
	_	2004	_	2005	_	2006	_	2007	_	2008	_	2009	_	2010	2011
NET (EXPENSE) REVENUE: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	(1,965,218) (504,056)	\$	(1,775,579) (310,457)	\$	(3,626,010) 1,837,604	\$	(4,631,892) 2,424,948	\$	(2,133,303) 4,572,988	\$	(5,957,790) 16,241,877	\$	(5,809,389) 18,650,475	(5,917,400) 4,403,545
Total net expense	\$	(2,469,274)	\$	(2,086,036)	\$	(1,788,406)	\$	(2,206,944)	\$	2,439,685	\$	10,284,087	\$	12,841,086	(1,513,855)
GENERAL REVENUES: Governmental activities: Taxes:															
Property taxes Other taxes State shared revenues Investment earnings Miscellaneous Loss on disposal of equipment Transfers	\$	3,432,016 566,267 289,678 104,434 162,385 - (1,028,677)	\$	4,098,515 601,859 400,123 280,744 127,489 - (175,014)	\$	4,365,919 669,856 464,835 658,527 426,251 - (555,000)	\$	4,776,651 633,305 367,701 595,386 492,630 - (424,000)	\$	4,258,748 626,113 1,709,756 539,492 220,516 - (507,756)	\$	4,079,688 590,167 1,526,669 341,774 43,328 - (530,555)	\$	3,746,062 591,504 1,575,835 194,189 170,699 - (464,950)	3,580,301 562,218 1,684,366 103,927 473,615 (299,876) (306,703)
Total governmental activities	_	3,526,103	_	5,333,716	_	6,030,388	_	6,441,673	_	6,846,869	_	6,051,071	_	5,813,339	5,797,848
Business-type activities: Investment earnings Miscellaneous Loss on disposal of equipment Transfers	_	2,283	_	4,935 - 175,014	_	25,855 2,229,275 - 555,000	_	106,412 - 424,000	_	437,337 - 507,756	_	151,372 120,000 (9,444) 530,555	_	299,205 464,950	167,282 275,000 - 306,703
Total business-type activities		1,030,960	_	179,949	-	2,810,130	_	530,412	_	945,093	_	792,483	_	764,155	748,985
Total general revenues	\$	4,557,063	\$	5,513,665	\$	8,840,518	\$	6,972,085	\$	7,791,962	\$	6,843,554	\$	6,577,494	6,546,833
CHANGE IN NET ASSETS: Governmental activities Business-type activities	\$	1,560,885 526,904	\$	3,558,137 (130,508)	\$	2,404,378 4,647,734	\$	1,809,781 2,955,360	\$ =	4,713,566 5,518,081	\$ =	93,281 17,034,360	\$ =	3,950 19,414,630	(119,552) 5,152,530
Total change in net assets	\$	2,087,789	\$_	3,427,629	\$	7,052,112	\$_	4,765,141	\$	10,231,647	\$	17,127,641	\$	19,418,580	5,032,978

Note: Data not available prior to fiscal 2004 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for*

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

		Fiscal Year														
		2004		2005		2006		2007		2008		2009		2010		2011
General fund:	_						_									
Nonspendable	\$	40,551	\$	58,432	\$	60,977	\$	92,610	\$	47,092	\$	48,145	\$	110,418	\$	131,006
Restricted		40,085		19,955		80,932		45,241		31,657		33,332		28,522		33,974
Committed		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,247,077
Assigned		-		-		-		-		-		-		-		431,980
Unassigned		3,581,989	_	4,175,293	_	4,594,693	_	5,266,938	_	5,630,951	_	5,291,297		4,970,012		2,042,757
Total general fund	_	3,662,625		4,253,680	_	4,736,602	_	5,404,789	_	5,709,700	_	5,372,774	_	5,108,952	_	3,886,794
Special revenue funds:																
Nonspendable		-		-		-		-		-		-		1,582		3,171
Restricted		-		134,355		-		-		-		-		-		3,859,571
Committed	_	4,639,429	_	5,430,480	_	11,474,547	_	5,714,020	_	9,457,677	_	5,630,462		5,218,327	_	497,687
Total special revenue funds	_	4,639,429	_	5,564,835	_	11,474,547	_	5,714,020	_	9,457,677	_	5,630,462	_	5,219,909		4,360,429
Total governmental funds	\$	8,302,054	\$	9,818,515	\$	16,211,149	\$	11,118,809	\$	15,167,377	\$	11,003,236	\$	10,328,861	\$	8,247,223

Note: Data not available prior to fiscal 2004 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*.

Note: The City implemented GASB Statement No. 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions* in fiscal year 2011. Fiscal years 2004-2010 have been restated to conform to the new statement requirements

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

	Fiscal Year															
	_	2004	_	2005	_	2006	_	2007		2008		2009		2010		2011
REVENUES:			. –				. –		. –							
Ad valorem taxes	\$	3,432,016	\$	4,098,515	\$	4,365,919	\$	4,776,651	\$	4,258,748	\$	4,079,688	\$	3,746,062	\$	3,580,301
Communication services taxes		566,267		601,859		669,856		633,305		626,113		590,167		591,504		562,218
Impact fees		n/a		n/a		56,384		207,692		242,602		69,422		82,004		100,609
Licenses and permits		736,597		1,035,052		1,176,781		785,569		890,063		577,528		630,173		632,899
Intergovernmental revenue		4,961,663		6,512,740		11,162,771		5,488,148		8,817,885		5,518,964		6,119,922		6,429,133
Charges for services		675,994		649,029		559,537		642,998		649,084		814,226		811,580		897,555
Fines and forfeitures		181,763		136,510		115,809		142,341		164,172		88,277		94,318		122,385
Special assessments		-		-		-		-		-		-		21,944		12,461
Interest		104,434		280,744		658,527		595,386		539,492		341,774		194,189		103,927
Miscellaneous	_	162,387	-	127,490	-	426,252	-	392,927	-	320,219	-	60,282	-	183,368	-	477,675
Total revenues	_	10,821,121	_	13,441,939	_	19,191,836	_	13,665,017	_	16,508,378	-	12,140,328	_	12,475,064	_	12,919,163
EXPENDITURES:																
Current:																
General government		2,857,781		3,630,608		7,359,947		2,822,349		2,796,344		2,472,219		2,485,113		4,749,262
Public safety		2,806,148		2,798,132		3,083,352		3,481,477		3,614,984		3,984,749		4,188,041		4,114,867
Community services		1,022,818		1,172,637		1,385,482		1,437,157		1,410,054		1,523,952		1,541,831		1,377,523
Community development		1,296,042		1,359,560		1,309,363		1,547,317		1,364,266		997,868		918,382		820,110
Capital outlay		1,624,068		5,234,411		4,080,526		7,205,686		1,663,704		5,723,971		2,914,127		2,655,130
Debt service:																
Principal		90,000		1,318,000		555,556		740,741		740,741		740,741		740,741		740,741
Interest and other fiscal charges		32,617	_	92,875	_	372,885	_	390,607		361,961	_	330,414	_	298,339		266,465
Total expenditures		9,729,474	_	15,606,223	_	18,147,111	_	17,625,334	_	11,952,054	-	15,773,914	_	13,086,574		14,724,098
Excess (deficiency) of																
revenues over expenditures		1,091,647		(2,164,284)		1,044,725		(3,960,317)		4,556,324	_	(3,633,586)	_	(611,510)		(1,804,935)
	_		-		-		-		_		-		_		_	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES):														100.005		•••
Sale of asset		-		-		-		-		-		-		402,085		30,000
Transfers in		693,071		1,934,956		1,511,921		2,337,615		2,107,155		2,174,125		1,888,430		2,808,056
Transfers out		(894,627)		(2,193,870)		(2,066,921)		(2,761,615)		(2,614,911)		(2,704,680)		(2,353,380)		(3,114,759)
Bonds Issued	_	75,000		4,018,000	-	5,907,000	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-		-
Total other financing																
sources (uses)	_	(126,556)		3,759,086		5,352,000	-	(424,000)	_	(507,756)	-	(530,555)	_	(62,865)		(276,703)
Net change in fund balances	\$	965,091	\$	1,594,802	\$	6,396,725	\$	(4,384,317)	\$	4,048,568	\$	(4,164,141)	\$	(674,375)	\$	(2,081,638)
Debt service as a percentage																
of non-capital expenditures		1.51%		13.60%		6.60%		10.86%		10.72%		9.55%		10.11%		8.03%
or non-capital experionules		1.31%		15.00%		0.00%		10.00%		10.72%		9.33%		10.11%		0.05%

Note: Data not available prior to fiscal 2004 implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34, *Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments*.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA NET ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Estimated

Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	Tax Roll Year	 Real Property	 Personal Property	-	Total Net Assessed Value	Total Direct Tax Rate	Estimated Actual Value (1)	Actual Value as a Percentage of Net Assessed Value (1)
2002	2001	\$ 1,011,692,510	\$ 68,119,027	\$	1,079,811,537	2.9645	N/A	N/A
2003	2002	\$ 1,128,078,626	\$ 67,353,235	\$	1,195,431,861	2.9645	N/A	N/A
2004	2003	\$ 1,370,802,387	\$ 64,176,791	\$	1,434,979,178	2.4931	N/A	N/A
2005	2004	\$ 1,621,112,010	\$ 70,100,880	\$	1,691,212,890	2.4931	N/A	N/A
2006	2005	\$ 2,137,232,089	\$ 72,452,105	\$	2,209,684,194	2.0500	N/A	N/A
2007	2006	\$ 2,693,641,765	\$ 81,397,661	\$	2,775,039,426	1.7896	N/A	N/A
2008	2007	\$ 2,991,200,387	\$ 87,126,504	\$	3,078,326,891	1.4243	N/A	N/A
2009	2008	\$ 2,756,096,830	\$ 78,188,977	\$	2,834,285,807	1.5000	N/A	N/A
2010	2009	\$ 2,165,777,278	\$ 76,633,829	\$	2,242,411,107	1.6850	N/A	N/A
2011	2010	\$ 1,909,523,812	\$ 74,754,478	\$	1,984,278,290	1.8458	N/A	N/A

Note (1): Property in the City is reassessed each year. The Property Appraiser estimates a just (market) value for all types of real property. For non-homesteaded properties the just value is equal to the assessed value. For homesteaded properties, the just value is adjusted for both the Florida 'Save Our Homes' valuation cap and the homestead exemption amount to arrive at the assessed value. As a result, there is no formula available to estimate the relationship between overall just (actual) value and assessed value.

Source: Monroe County Property Appraiser's Office and the City of Marathon Finance Office.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX RATES - DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Overlapping Rates (1)		
Fiscal Year	Tax Roll Year	City of Marathon	Monroe County	School Board	S. Florida Water Mgt District	FL Keys Mosquito Control District	Other	Total Direct and Overlapping Rates
2002	2001	2.9645	4.1407	4.9890	0.2840	0.6641	0.4130	13.4553
2003	2002	2.9645	3.9455	4.7130	0.2840	0.6641	0.4130	12.9841
2004	2003	2.4931	4.2938	4.4220	0.2840	0.6641	0.4130	12.5700
2005	2004	2.4931	3.9436	3.9320	0.2840	0.6090	0.4130	11.6747
2006	2005	2.0500	3.4361	3.3820	0.2840	0.6090	0.4130	10.1741
2007	2006	1.7896	2.5609	3.0610	0.2840	0.5505	0.4130	8.6590
2008	2007	1.4243	2.2656	2.9460	0.2549	0.4175	0.3691	7.6774
2009	2008	1.5000	2.6883	2.9220	0.2549	0.3798	0.3691	8.1141
2010	2009	1.6850	3.0837	3.3870	0.2549	0.4262	0.3691	9.2059
2011	2010	1.8458	3.3445	3.8235	0.2549	0.4596	0.3691	10.0974

Note: All millage rates are based on \$ 1 for every \$ 1,000 of assessed value.

Note (1) Overlapping rates are those of local and county governments that apply to property owners within the City of Marathon, Florida.

Sources: City of Marathon Finance Department and Monroe County Property Appraiser's Office.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2011		
Taxpayer		Net Assessed Value	Rank	Percent of Total City Net Assessed Value
Ταπράξει	-	Value	Kank	Assessed value
BLUEGREEN RESORTS MANAGEMENT INC.	\$	30,199,886	1	1.52%
CRE PROPERTIES INC		14,805,841	2	0.75%
FISHERMEN'S HOSPITAL INC		8,279,752	3	0.42%
KNIGHTS KEY CORPORATION		7,561,581	4	0.38%
HOME DEPOT USA INC #6302		7,038,530	5	0.35%
FLORIDA KEYS ELECTRIC COOPERATIVE ASSOCIATION INC		6,715,801	6	0.34%
JACKSON DAVID G & CHARLINE		6,390,058	7	0.32%
SUMMIT MARATHON LLC		6,252,689	8	0.32%
BOAT HOUSE ASSOCIATES LLC		6,096,574	9	0.31%
HAWKS NEST CONDO ASSOCIATION INC	_	5,969,176	10	0.30%
	\$	99,309,888		5.01%
		2002		
		Net		Percent of
		Assessed		Total City Net
Taxpayer	-	Value	Rank	Assessed Value
FL KEYS ELECTRIC CO-OP ASSN INC.	\$	22,391,959	1	2.07%
FISHERMENS HOSPITAL INC.		12,024,671	2	1.11%
HOME DEPOT USA INC #6302		10,487,526	3	0.97%
BLUEGREEN RESORTS MANAGEMENT INC.		9,990,370	4	0.93%
BANANA BAY OF MARATHON, INC.		7,792,072	5	0.72%
SH MARATHON LTD (HOLIDAY INN/MARINA)		7,293,390	6	0.68%
BELLSOUTH TELECOMMUNICATIONS INC		7,164,142	7	0.66%
WHITE KEYS PARTNERS LLLP (KEY LIME)		6,684,253	8	0.62%
BIOSPHERE PROPERTIES INC (PUBLIX)		6,164,537	9	0.57%
MARATHON MANOR, INC.	_	5,694,734	10	0.53%
	\$	95,687,654		8.86%

Source: Tax roll provided by Monroe County Property Appraisers Office.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Fiscal Year	Total Taxes Levied for	Collected the Fiscal of the I	l Year	Collections in	Total Collections to Date		
Ended September 30,	Fiscal Year	Amount	Percent of Levy	Subsequent Year's	Amount	Percent of Levy	
2002	3,201,103	3,101,425	96.89%	-	3,101,425	96.89%	
2003	3,543,859	3,445,101	97.21%	-	3,445,101	97.21%	
2004	3,580,232	3,447,677	96.30%	-	3,447,677	96.30%	
2005	4,223,307	4,093,781	96.93%	-	4,093,781	96.93%	
2006	4,529,856	4,365,919	96.38%	-	4,365,919	96.38%	
2007	4,869,653	4,776,651	98.09%	-	4,776,651	98.09%	
2008	4,303,947	4,259,597	98.97%	-	4,259,597	98.97%	
2009	4,294,698	4,079,688	94.99%	-	4,079,688	94.99%	
2010	3,861,476	3,746,062	97.01%	-	3,746,062	97.01%	
2011	3,701,426	3,580,301	96.73%	-	3,580,301	96.73%	

Source: City of Marathon Finance Department and Monroe County Tax Collector's Office.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities				
Fiscal Year Ended September 30,	General Obligation Bonds	Revenue Bonds	Loans Payable	Revenue Bonds	Total	Percent of Net Assessed Value (1)	Per Capita (1)	
2002	-	-	-	-	-	0.00%	-	
2003	-	-	1,408,000	-	1,408,000	0.12%	136	
2004	-	75,000	1,318,000	-	1,393,000	0.10%	134	
2005	-	4,093,000	-	-	4,093,000	0.24%	385	
2006	-	9,444,444	-	832,168	10,276,612	0.47%	969	
2007	-	8,703,703	-	13,058,380	21,762,083	0.78%	2,093	
2008	-	7,962,963	-	26,168,257	34,131,220	1.11%	3,380	
2009	-	7,222,222	-	58,155,645	65,377,867	2.31%	6,350	
2010	-	6,481,481	-	64,171,550	70,653,031	3.15%	6,846	
2011	-	5,740,740	-	79,235,992	84,976,732	4.28%	10,218	

Note (1): Total personal income amounts not available for the City of Marathon jurisdiction. Personal income data provided in demographics section is for all of Monroe County. Therefore, assessed taxable value was used as the relevant economic base.

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA COMPUTATION OF DIRECT AND ESTIMATED OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

			Applicable to	Applicable to City of Marathon				
		Debt Outstanding	Percentage		Amount			
Direct debt: City of Marathon (1)	\$	-	100.00%	\$	-			
Estimated overlapping debt: Monroe County, District School Board (2)	-	17,117,000	9.32%	(3)	1,596,052			
Total ad valorem tax supported debt	\$	17,117,000		\$	1,596,052			
Ratios: Overall debt to 2011 taxable valuation					-			
Overall debt per capita				\$	192			

Notes:

(1) City of Marathon direct debt does not include revenue bonds.

(2) Monroe County School Board debt is as of June 30, 2010, and does not include revenue bonds

(3) Overlapping debt percentage was determined by a ratio of the assessed value of property subject to taxation in the City of Marathon to the total assessed value of property subject to taxation in the overlapping unit.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				Improvement Re	venue Bonds			
Fiscal Year	Local Govt.	Wastewater	Utility	Less	Net	Debt		
Ended	Infrastructure	Special	Operating	Operating	Available	Service		
September 30,	Tax	Assessments	Revenues	Expenses	Revenue	Principal	Interest	Coverage
2002	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2003	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2004	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2005	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2006	2,383,964	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,383,964	555,556	372,885	2.57
2007	2,405,183	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,405,183	740,741	390,607	2.13
2008	2,442,698	N/A	N/A	N/A	2,442,698	740,741	361,961	2.22
2009	2,209,299	4,859,306	1,037,897	(721,537)	7,384,965	740,741	719,025	5.06
2010	2,283,263	8,194,977	2,067,849	(2,556,784)	9,989,305	1,803,693	1,655,543	2.89
2011	2,448,373	4,229,285	3,290,999	(4,853,154)	5,115,502	2,717,333	1,936,248	1.10

Note: Repayment of the City's Improvement Revenue Bond began in fiscal year ended September 30, 2006.

Note: Repayment of one of the City's State Revolving Fund Loans began in fiscal year ended September 30, 2010. Repayment of three of the City's State Revolving Fund Loans commenced in February of 2011. Repayment of three of the City's State Revolving Fund Loans commenced in June of 2011.

Note: Interest only payments until January 2012 on the City's Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2008.

Note: Interest only payments until July 2011, and then monthly principal and interest payments commenced on the City's Wastewater System Revenue Bonds, Series 2009.

Source: City of Marathon Finance Department

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Year	Population (1)		Personal Income (Amounts Expressed in Thousands) (2)		Per Capita Personal Income (2)		Unemployment Rate (3)
2002	10,445		2,925,881		37,029		2.8%
2003	10,341		2,995,004		37,966		2.3%
2004	10,391		3,136,506		40,203		2.2%
2005	10,626		3,498,309		45,946		3.0%
2006	10,605	(a)	3,775,859	(b)	48,427	(b)	2.5%
2007	10,396	(a)	4,003,510	(b)	50,436	(b)	3.0%
2008	10,097	(a)	4,263,716	(b)	51,759	(b)	5.5%
2009	10,295	(a)	4,184,821	(b)	52,690	(b)	7.4%
2010	10,321	(a)	4,232,833	(b)	52,982	(b)	8.6%
2011	8,316	(c)	4,309,305	(b)	53,644	(b)	6.4%

Sources:

- (1) Office of Economic and Demographic Research, FL Legislature.
- (2) United States Census Bureau for all of Monroe County and Bureau of Economic and Business Research, University of FL.
- (3) Florida Department of Labor, Agency for Workforce Innovation. Rates are for the entire County of Monroe.
- (a) & (b) Monroe County-specific data was not available. Monroe County 2005 actual data as a percent of State of Florida data was used as a base % and applied to 2006, 2007, 2008, 2009 and 2010. State data as provided by the Office of Economic and Demographic Research, FL Legislature.
 - (c) Data obtained from 2010 Federal census.
 - Note: When Marathon-specific data has not been available, Monroe County percentage projections were applied to Marathon's actual population figures from prior years.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND FIVE YEARS AGO

		2011	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
Monroe County	193	1	N/A
Monroe County School Board	151	2	N/A
Home Depot USA	150	3	N/A
Publix Supermarkets	90	4	N/A
Winn Dixie Supermarkets	93	5	N/A
Walgreens Co.	88	6	N/A
K-Mart Corporation	77	7	N/A
City of Marathon	56	8	N/A
Fishermen's Hospital	50	9	N/A
Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority	45	10	N/A
		2006	Percentage of Total City
Employer	Employees	2006 Rank	Percentage of Total City Employment
	Employees 150	Rank	Total City
Home Depot USA		Rank 1	Total City Employment
	150	Rank	Total City Employment N/A
Home Depot USA Publix Supermarkets	150 101	Rank 1 2	Total City Employment N/A N/A
Home Depot USA Publix Supermarkets K-Mart Corporation	150 101 77	Rank 1 2 3	Total City Employment N/A N/A N/A
Home Depot USA Publix Supermarkets K-Mart Corporation City of Marathon	150 101 77 58	Rank 1 2 3 4 5 6	Total City Employment N/A N/A N/A N/A
Home Depot USA Publix Supermarkets K-Mart Corporation City of Marathon Fishermen's Hospital Office Depot, Inc. Walgreens Co.	150 101 77 58 50 45 38	Rank 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Total City Employment N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
Home Depot USA Publix Supermarkets K-Mart Corporation City of Marathon Fishermen's Hospital Office Depot, Inc. Walgreens Co. D'Asign Source	150 101 77 58 50 45 38 35	Rank 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	Total City Employment N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A
Home Depot USA Publix Supermarkets K-Mart Corporation City of Marathon Fishermen's Hospital Office Depot, Inc. Walgreens Co.	150 101 77 58 50 45 38	Rank 1 2 3 4 5 6 7	Total City Employment N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A N/A

Source: Data obtained from the Monroe County Tax Collector's Office Occupation License Department and City of Marathon Finance Department. The data provided does have one notable limitation. The Monroe County Tax Collector does not have employee data for the City's businesses in the following categories: overnight accommodations (hotels, motels, apartments), restaurants and bars, professional business services other than medical or banks. Therefore these businesses are not included in this ranking. The City does not have a method for collecting data relative to number of employees for any entity except the City itself.

Note: No data was available from the Tax Collector's office for years prior to 2006.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST NINE FISCAL YEARS

Employees	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General Government	5	5	8	8	9	6	5	5	4
Public Safety	13	16	16	28	22	21	25	24	23
Community Development	7	13	13	15	16	17	15	11	10
Community Services	5	5	7	11	13	13	15	16	13
Marina	5	5	8	7	7	7	7	6	6
Total number of employees	35	44	52	69	67	64	67	62	56

Source: City of Marathon Finance Department

Note: City of Marathon commenced operations on November 30, 1999. Prior to Fiscal Year 2003, City of Marathon operations were provided under a contractual services arrangement and there were no direct City employees.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Public safety:										
Police:										
Police personnel and officers	14	17	17	17	17	17	15	17	16	15
Police calls for service	30,788	31,366	30,964	30,792	24,292	22,411	20,273	20,533	25,801	43,898
Fire/EMS:										
Fire personnel	15	14	15	15	22	22	21	24	24	23
Fire / emergency calls answered	N/A	N/A	N/A	287	251	527	324	339	187	441
Emergency medical services calls	N/A	N/A	1,468	1,105	1,007	1,249	1,160	1,254	1,355	1,321
Community development:										
Business permits and occupational licenses issued										
Building permits issued	1,933	2,035	2,257	2,638	3,107	2,159	1,588	1,569	1,561	2,238
Commercial fire occupancy inspections	N/A	54	424	354	475	309	446	478	452	452
Community services:										
Transportation:										
Public right of way maintenance (miles)	64	64	64	64	64	64	66	66	63	63
Culture and recreation:										
Registrations for special events	N/A	10	10	23	35	32	25	34	24	27
Registrations for summer camp	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	125	109	79	104	109
Registrations for athletic programs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	1,360	1,629	1,414	1,169	1,345
Registrations for cultural programs	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	227	1,375	1,041	6,304	5,720
Registrations for private events in public park areas	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	110	147	99	376	195
Marina:										
Mooring balls	25	64	64	64	64	226	226	226	226	226
Boat slips	5	5	5	5	13	13	13	13	13	13

N/A = not available

Sources: Various City Departments, Monroe County Sheriff's Office

Note: Police Services are provided under contract with the Monroe County Sheriff's Department.

Note: Utility Services are provided by Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority.

Note: Business permits and Occupational Licenses are issued and regulated by Monroe County.

Note: Solid Waste services are provided by an outside contractor through Monroe County.

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function/Program	2002	2003	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
General government:										
Number of general government buildings	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Public safety:										
Police:										
Police stations	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Fire:										
Fire stations	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Transportation:										
Miles of streets	64	64	64	64	64	64	66	66	66	66
Number of street lights	N/A	N/A	N/A	190	190	190	190	188	188	188
Number of traffic signals	N/A	N/A	N/A	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
Culture and recreation:										
Amphitheater	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Parks	-	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Parks acreage	-	-	-	45	45	45	45	45	45	45
Beaches	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Community center	-	-	-	1	1	1	-	-	-	-
Picnic pavilions	-	-	-	16	16	16	18	18	18	18
In-line hockey rink	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Soccer fields	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Skate park	-	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Basketball courts	-	-	-	4	4	4	3	3	3	3
Tennis courts	-	-	-	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Baseball/softball fields	-	-	-	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Utility system:										
Fire hydrants - City of Marathon	-	-	-	-	53	101	125	134	154	154
Solid waste:										
Collection trucks	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

Sources: Various City Departments

Note: The City of Marathon does not own any Administrative Buildings. The City leases office space for general Note: The City of Marathon does not own any Police buildings. Police Services are contracted from Monroe County. Note: The City of Marathon's water utility is operated by the independent Florida Keys Aqueduct Authority. Note: The City of Marathon does not own any Solid Waste collection trucks. Solid waste services are contracted to a private company.

COMPLIANCE SECTION

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor, and City Council City of Marathon, Florida Marathon, Florida

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of City of Marathon, Florida (the "City") as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2012. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit, we considered the City's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of City of Marathon, Florida's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of City management, members of the City Council, Federal and state awarding agencies and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE, McCULLOUGH & CO., LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 23, 2012

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS THAT COULD HAVE A DIRECT AND MATERIAL EFFECT ON EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133

To the Honorable Mayor, and City Council City of Marathon, Florida Marathon, Florida

Compliance

We have audited City of Marathon, Florida's (the "City") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the City's major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2011. The City's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of City management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the City's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments, and Non-Profit Organizations*. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the City's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of the City's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, the City complied, in all material respects, with the compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended September 30, 2011.

Internal Control over Compliance

Management of City of Marathon, Florida is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered City of Marathon, Florida internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program to determine the auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with OMB Circular A-133, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness City of Marathon, Florida's internal control over compliance.

City of Marathon, Florida

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be deficiencies, significant deficiencies, or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, City Council, others within the entity, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE, McCULLOUGH & CO., LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 23, 2012



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO CITY MANAGEMENT

To the Honorable Mayor, and City Council City of Marathon, Florida Marathon, Florida

We have audited the basic financial statements of the City of Marathon, Florida (the "City"), as of and for the year ended September 30, 2011, and have issued our report thereon dated March 23, 2012.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*. We have issued our Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and Compliance and Other Matters, Independent Auditor's Report on Compliance with Requirements Applicable to Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance and Schedule of Findings and Questioned Costs. Disclosures in those reports and schedule, which are dated March 23, 2012, should be considered in conjunction with this management letter.

Additionally, our audit was conducted in accordance with Chapter 10.550, *Rules of the Auditor General*, which governs the conduct of local governmental entity audits performed in the State of Florida. This letter includes the following information, which is not included in the aforementioned auditors' reports or schedule:

Section 10.554(1)(i)1., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether or not corrective actions have been taken to address findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report. There were no findings and recommendations made in the preceding annual financial audit report.

Section 10.554(1)(i)2., Rules of the Auditor General, requires our audit to include a review of the provisions of Section 218.415, Florida Statutes, regarding the investment of public funds. In connection with our audit, we determined that City of Marathon complied with Section 218.415, Florida Statutes.

Section 10.554(1)(i)3., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address in the management letter any recommendations to improve financial management. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such recommendations.

Section 10.554(1)(i)4., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we address violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, or abuse that have occurred, or are likely to have occurred, that have an effect on the financial statements that is less than material but more than inconsequential. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.554(1)(i)5., Rules of the Auditor General, provides that the auditor may, based on professional judgment, report the following matters that have an inconsequential effect on financial statements, considering both quantitative and qualitative factors: (1) violations of provisions of contracts or grant agreements, fraud, illegal acts or abuse and; (2) deficiencies in internal control that are not significant deficiencies. In connection with our audit, we did not have any such findings.

Section 10.554(1)(i)6., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that the name or official title and legal authority for the primary government and each component unit of the reporting entity be disclosed in this management letter, unless disclosed in the notes to the financial statements. The City was created by Laws of Florida 90-142. There were no component units related to the City.

Section 10.554(1)(i)7.a., Rules of the Auditor General, requires a statement be included as to whether or not the local governmental entity has met one or more of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes, and identification of the specific condition(s) met. In connection with our audit, we determined that the City did not meet any of the conditions described in Section 218.503(1), Florida Statutes.

Section 10.554(1)(i)7.b., Rules of the Auditor General, requires that we determine whether the annual financial report for the City for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011, filed with the Florida Department of Financial Services pursuant to Section 218.32(1)(a), Florida Statutes, is in agreement with the annual financial audit report for the fiscal year ended September 30, 2011. In connection with our audit, we determined that these two reports were in agreement.

Pursuant to Sections 10.554(1)(i)7.c. and 10.556(7), Rules of the Auditor General, we applied financial condition assessment procedures. It is management's responsibility to monitor the entity's financial condition, and our financial condition assessment was based in part on representations made by management and the review of financial information provided by same.

Pursuant to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes, this management letter is a public record and its distribution is not limited. Auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America require us to indicate that this letter is intended solely for the information and use of management, and the Florida Auditor General, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

KEEFE, McCULLOUGH & CO., LLP

Fort Lauderdale, Florida March 23, 2012

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

Federal Agency, Pass-through Entity Federal Program		CFDA Number	Contract/Grant Number]	Expenditures	Transfers to Subrecipients
FEDERAL AGENCY NAME:						
Direct Programs:						
Department of Defense:						
State Memorandum of Agreement Program for the Reimbursement						
of Technical Services		12.113	_	\$	404,300	_
of recimical scivices		12.115	_	Ψ	+0+,500	_
Department of Environmental Protection:						
Congressionally Mandated Projects		66.202	XP96449906-0		213,920	-
Indirect Programs:						
Department of Homeland Security -						
Passed through State of Florida						
Division of Emergency Management:						
Disaster Grants - Public Assistance		97.036	09-PA-B9-11-54-00-598		238,230	-
		97.036	09-PA-00-11-54-13-518		98,564	-
Environmental Protection Agency -					336,794	
Passed through the Florida Department						
of Environmental Protection:						
Capitalization Grants for Clean Water						-
State Revolving Funds	*	66.458	WW637060		15,575,642	
State Revolving Funds - ARRA	*	66.458	WW637090		5,114,071	-
State Revolving Funds	*	66.458	WW63702P		2,844,196	-
State Revolving Funds	*	66.458	SW637070		155,758	-
					23,689,667	

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS (continued) For the Fiscal Year Ended September 30, 2011

Federal Agency, Pass-through Entity Federal Program	CFDA Number		Contract/Grant Number	Expenditures	Transfers to Subrecipients	
Department of Transportation - Passed through the Florida Department of Environmental Protection: Recreational Trails Program	*	20.219	T2840	164,229	-	
Passed through the Florida Department of Transportation:						
Highway Planning and Construction	*	20.205	ARRA-478-B	605,691		
Ingliway Flamming and Construction	*	20.203	APW63	88,920	-	
	*	20.203	APW68	,	-	
	•	20.203	AF w0o	80,000 774,611	-	
Department of the Interior - Passed through the Florida Department of Environmental Protection:				//4,011		
Clean Vessel Act		15.616	CVA07-493	27,712		
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards				\$25,611,233	\$	

NOTE: This schedule was prepared on the accrual basis of accounting.

* Denotes a major program

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS -For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

A. SUMMARY OF AUDITORS' RESULTS

- 1. The auditors' report expresses an unqualified opinion on the financial statements of City of Marathon, Florida.
- 2. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of the basic financial statements are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*.
- 3. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of City of Marathon, Florida were disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No material weaknesses relating to the audit of the major Federal programs are reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Compliance with Requirements That Could Have a Direct and Material Effect on Each Major Federal Program and on Internal Control Over Compliance in Accordance with OMB Circular A-133.
- 5. The auditors' report on compliance for the major Federal programs for City of Marathon, Florida expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There are no findings relative to the major Federal programs for City of Marathon, Florida reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The programs tested as major programs are as follows:

Federal Program	Federal CFDA Number			
Environmental Protection Agency - Capitalization Grants for Clean Water State Revolving Funds	66.458			
Department of Transportation -				
Highway Planning and Construction	20.205			
Recreational Trails Program	20.219			

- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and Type B projects was \$780,142 for major Federal programs.
- 9. City of Marathon, Florida was determined to be a low risk auditee pursuant to OMB Circular A-133.

B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

NONE

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAMS

NONE

CITY OF MARATHON, FLORIDA SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS -FEDERAL PROGRAMS AND STATE PROJECT For the Year Ended September 30, 2011

D. OTHER ISSUES

- 1. No summary schedule of prior audit findings is required because there were no prior audit findings related to Federal Programs.
- 2. No corrective action plan is required because there were no findings required to be reported under the Federal Single Audit Act.
- 3. A separate management letter was not issued.